

Integral formulations of volumetric transmittance



Iliyan Georgiev



Derek Nowrouzezahrai



Zackary Misso



Jaroslav Křivánek



Toshiya Hachisuka



Wojciech Jarosz





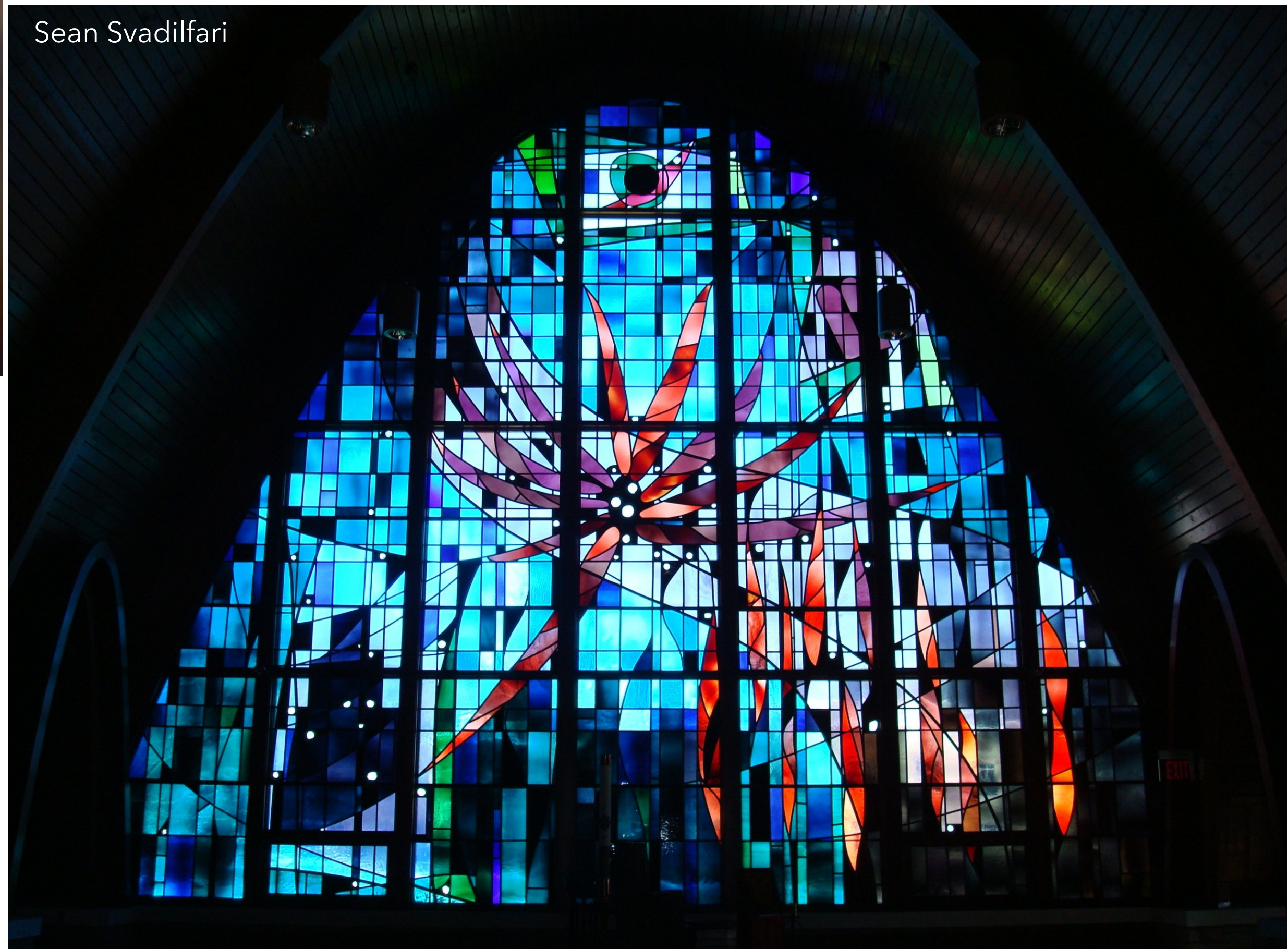
iHitklif



Mahesh Kularatne

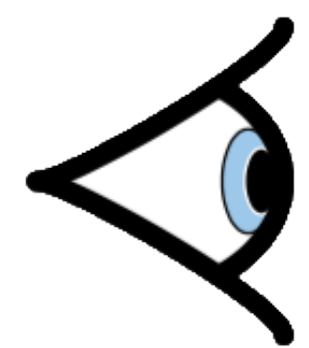


GEORGIE SHARP PHOTO/ART ©

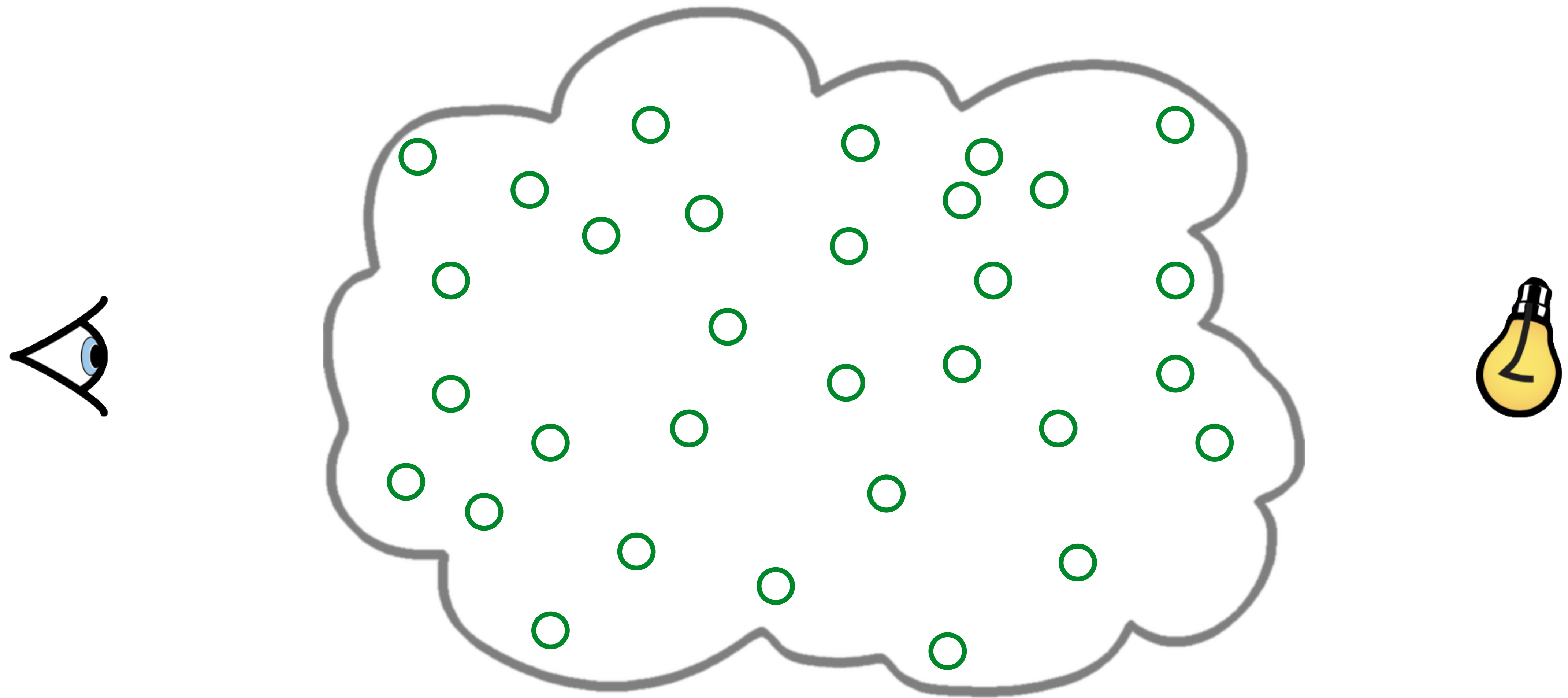


Sean Svadilfari

Rendering volumetrics



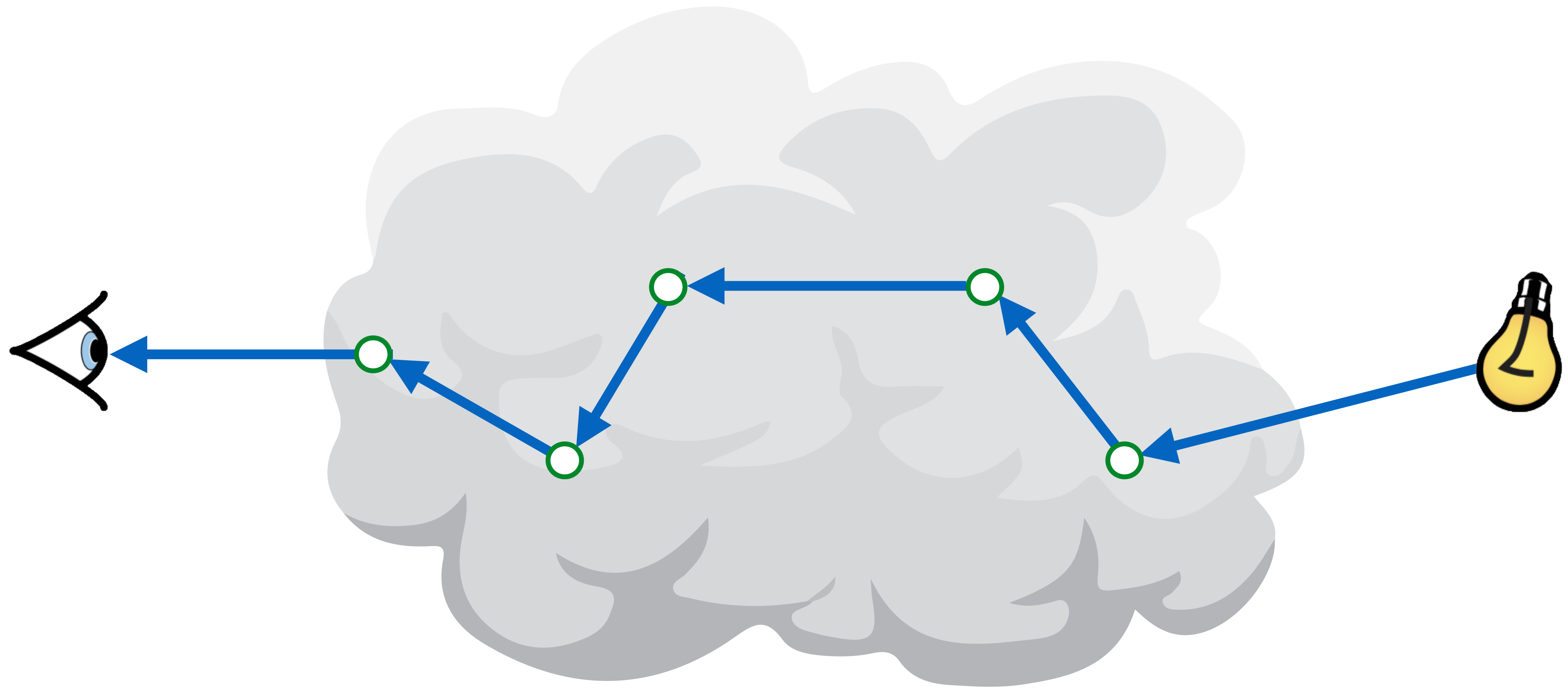
Rendering volumetrics



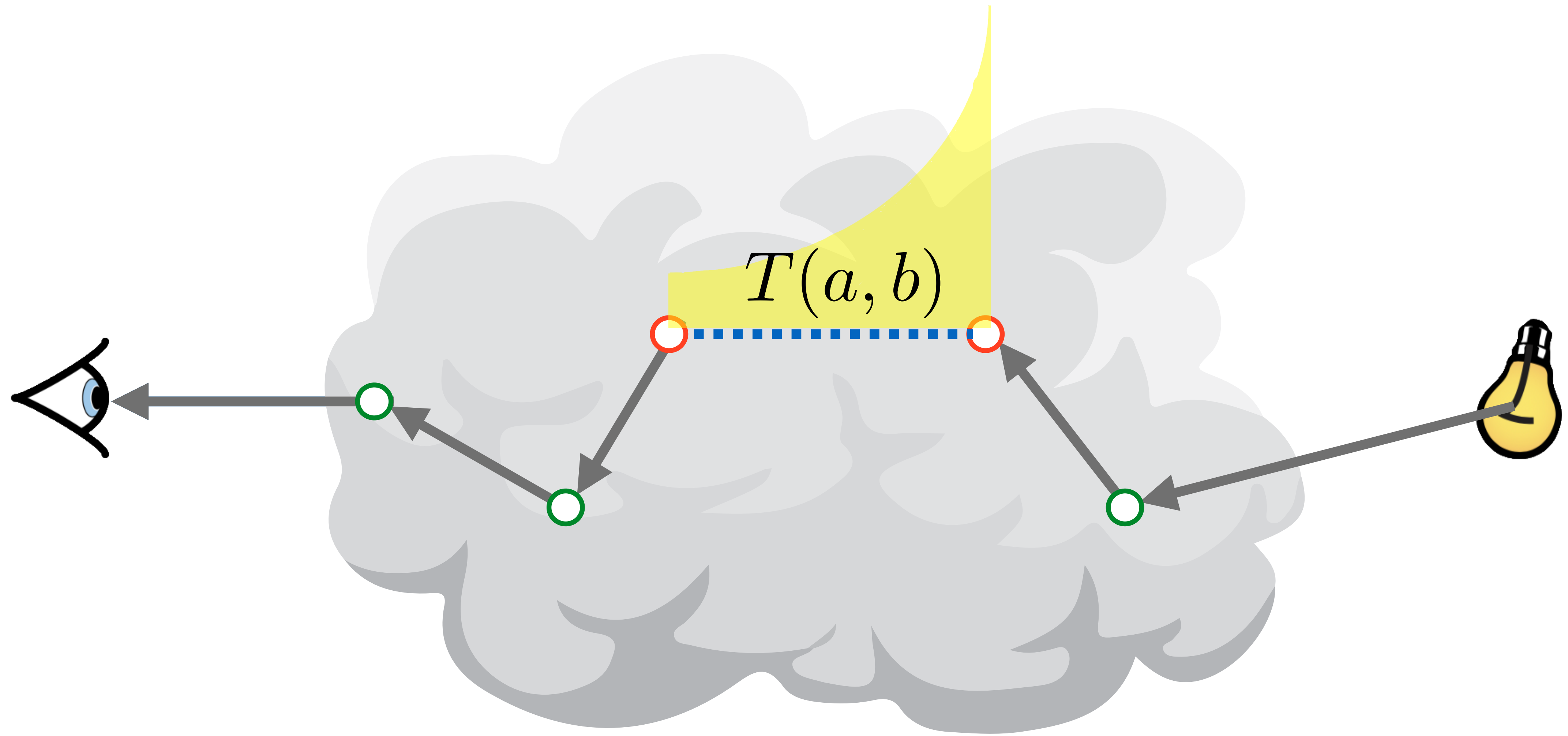
Rendering volumetrics



Rendering volumetrics



Rendering volumetrics



Transmittance



$$T(a, b) = \frac{L(a)}{L(b)}$$

Transmittance

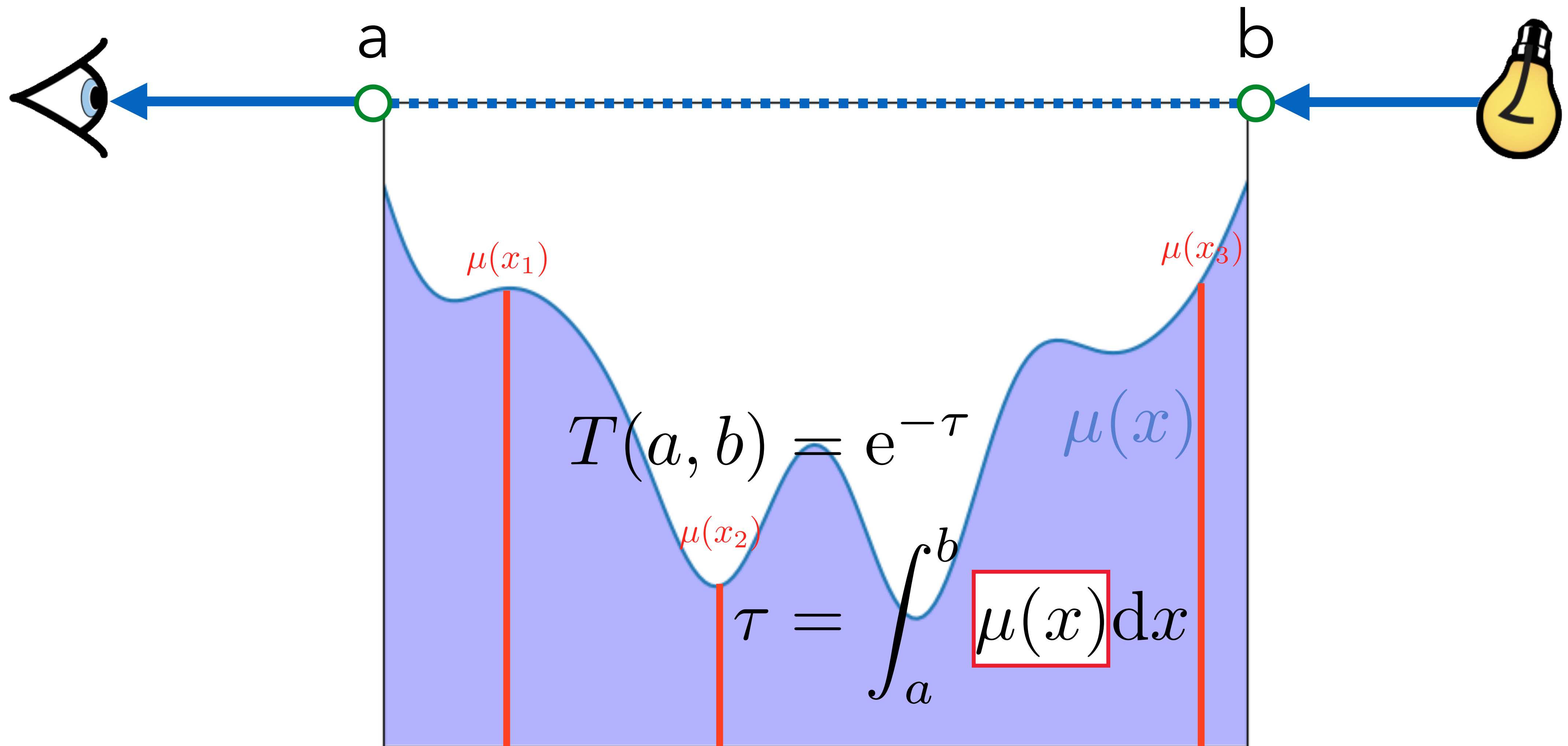


$$T(a, b) = \frac{L(a)}{L(b)}$$

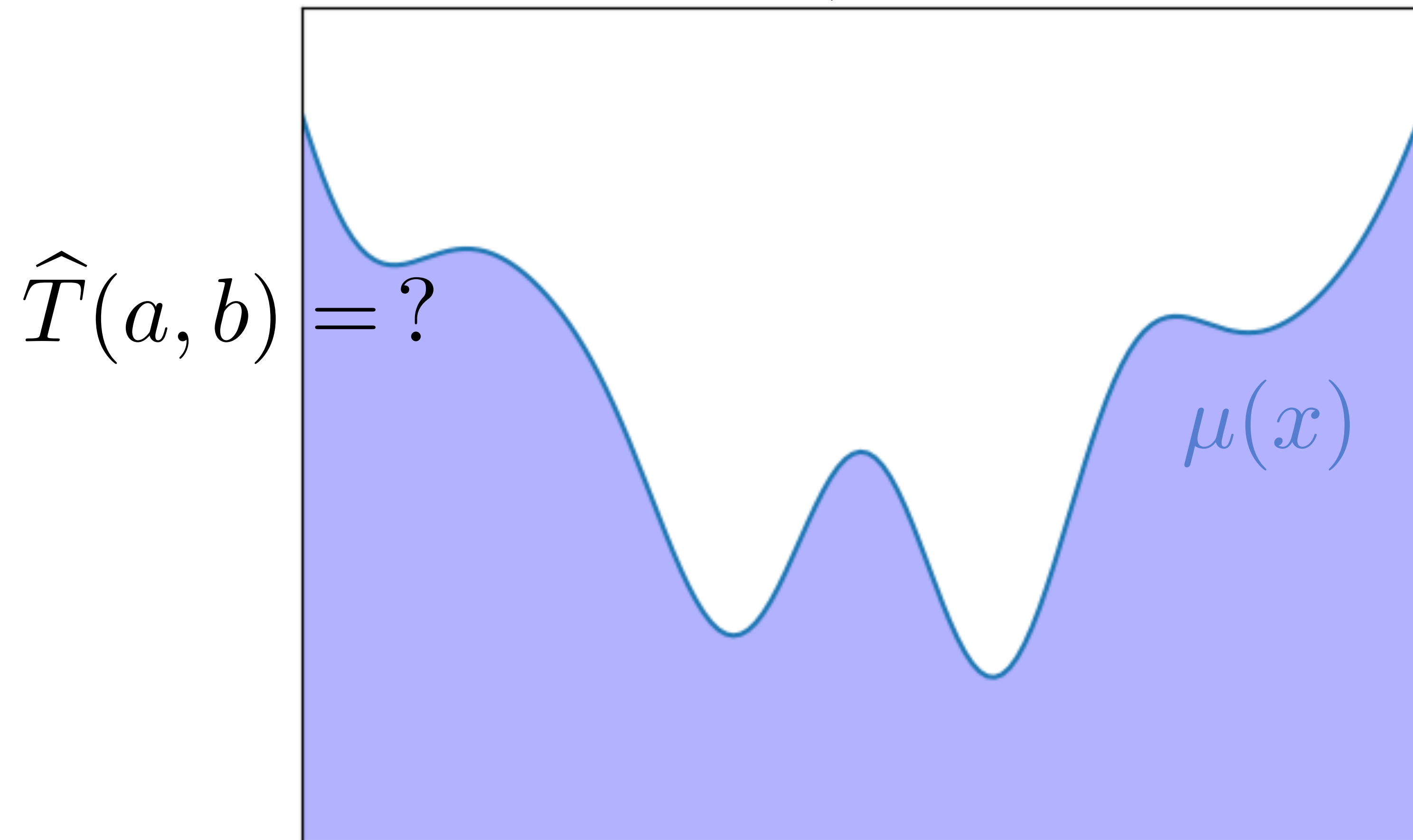
$$T(a, b) = e^{-\tau}$$

$$\tau = \int_a^b \mu(x) dx$$

Extinction



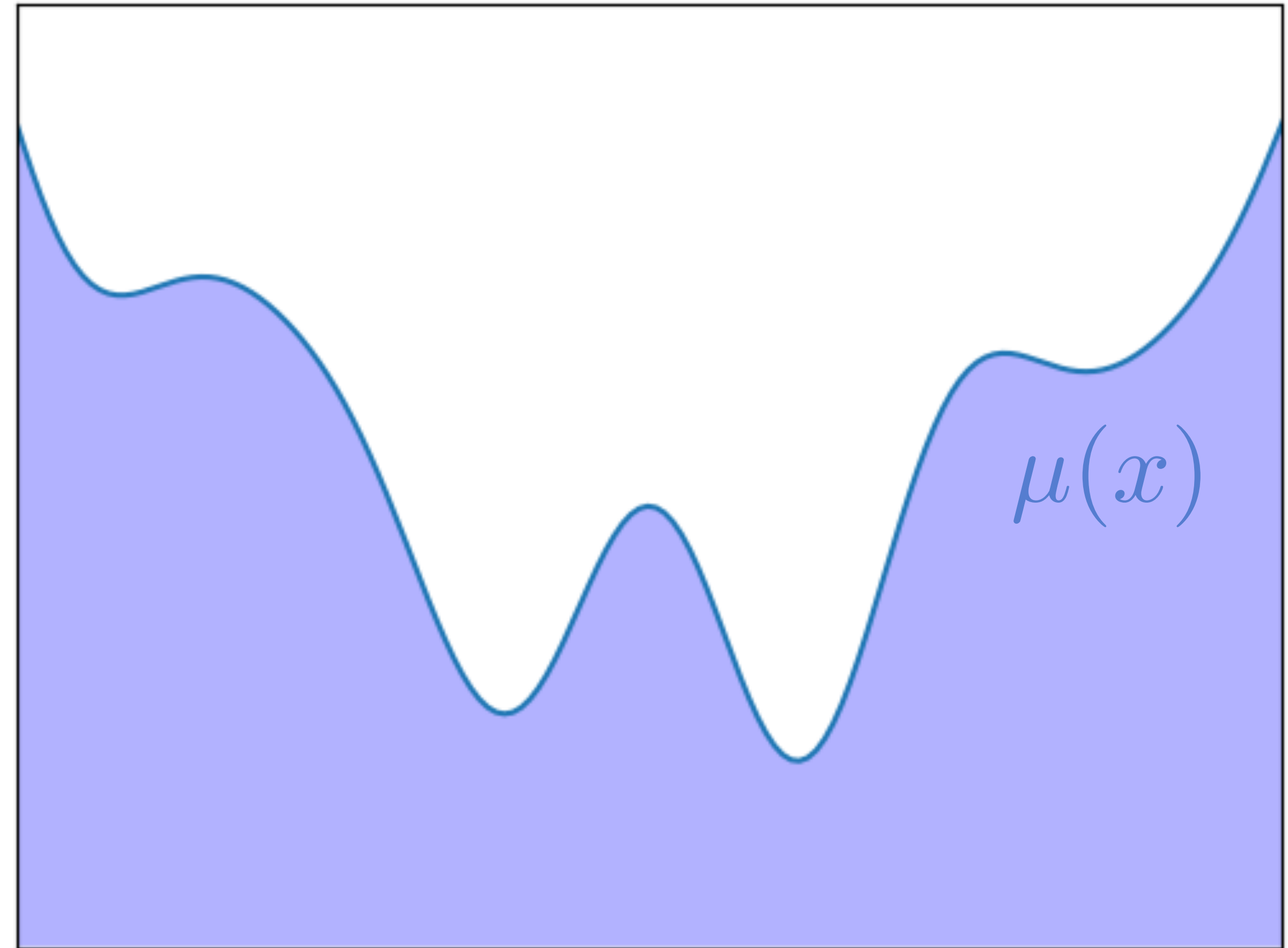
Previous work



Previous work

Delta tracking*

$$\hat{T}(a, b) = ?$$

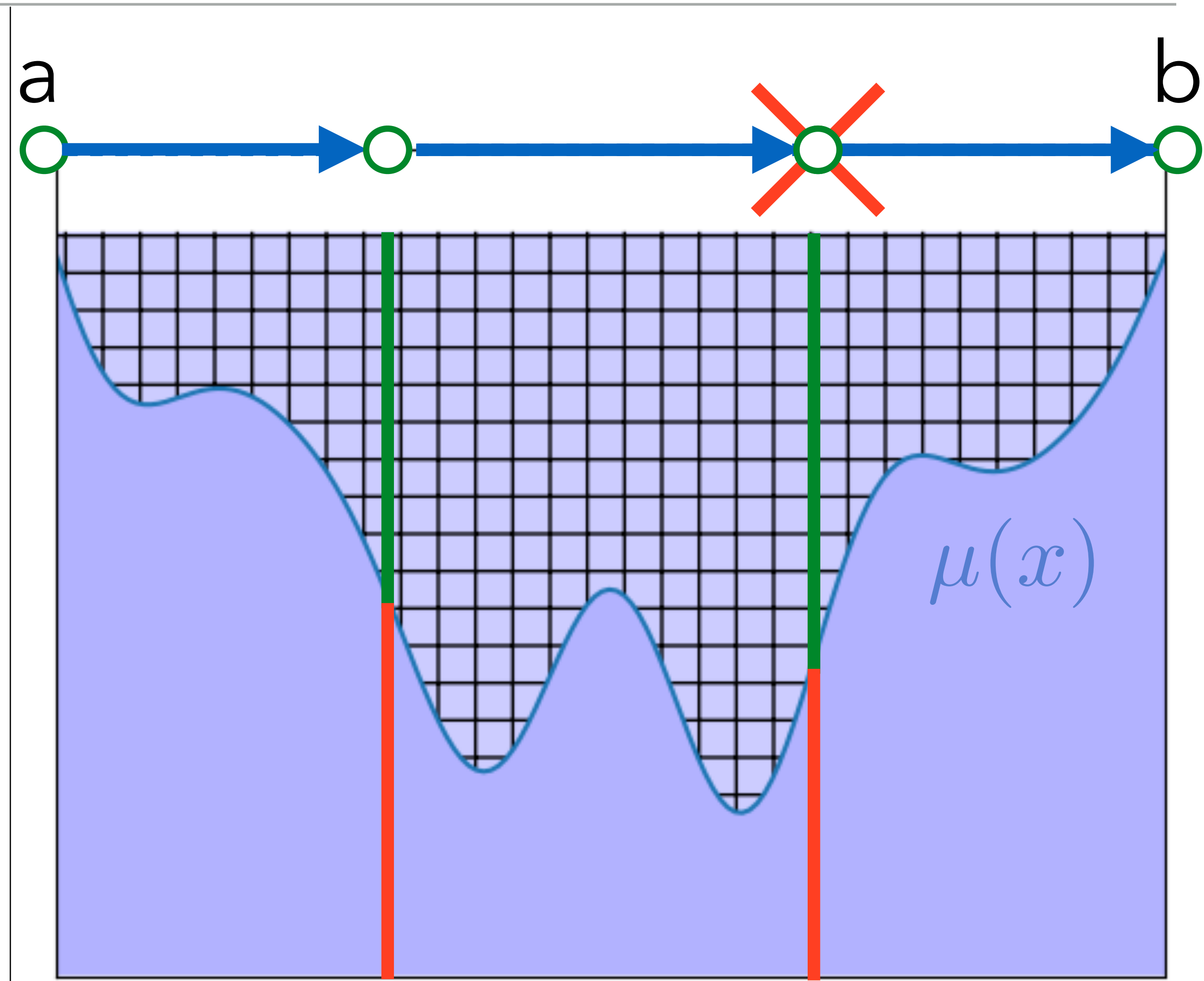


*[Woodcock et al. 1965]

Previous work

Delta tracking*

$$\hat{T}(a, b) = ?$$



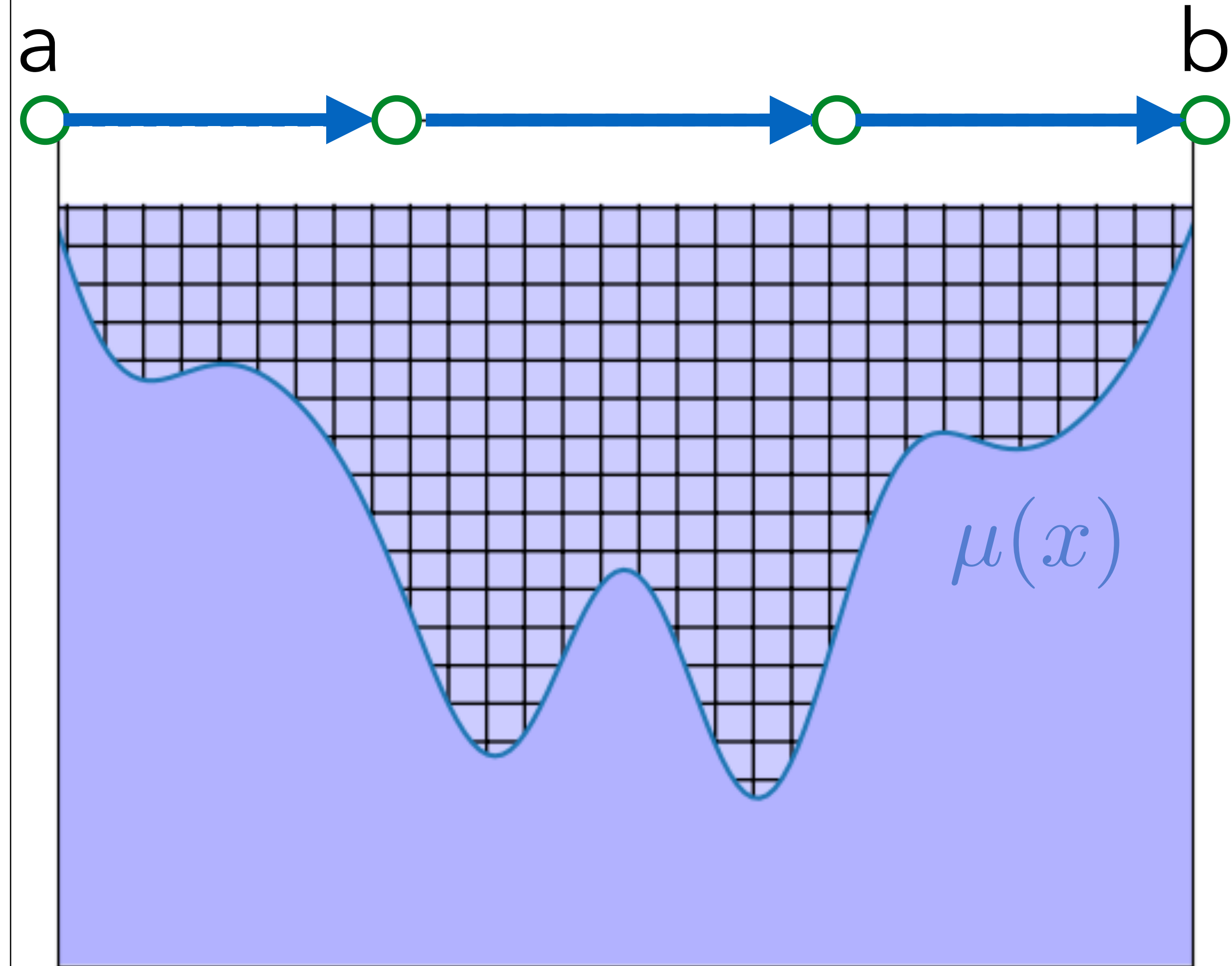
*[Woodcock et al. 1965]

Previous work

Delta tracking*

$$\hat{T}(a, b) = ?$$

$$E[\hat{T}_{DT}(a, b)] = e^{-\tau}$$



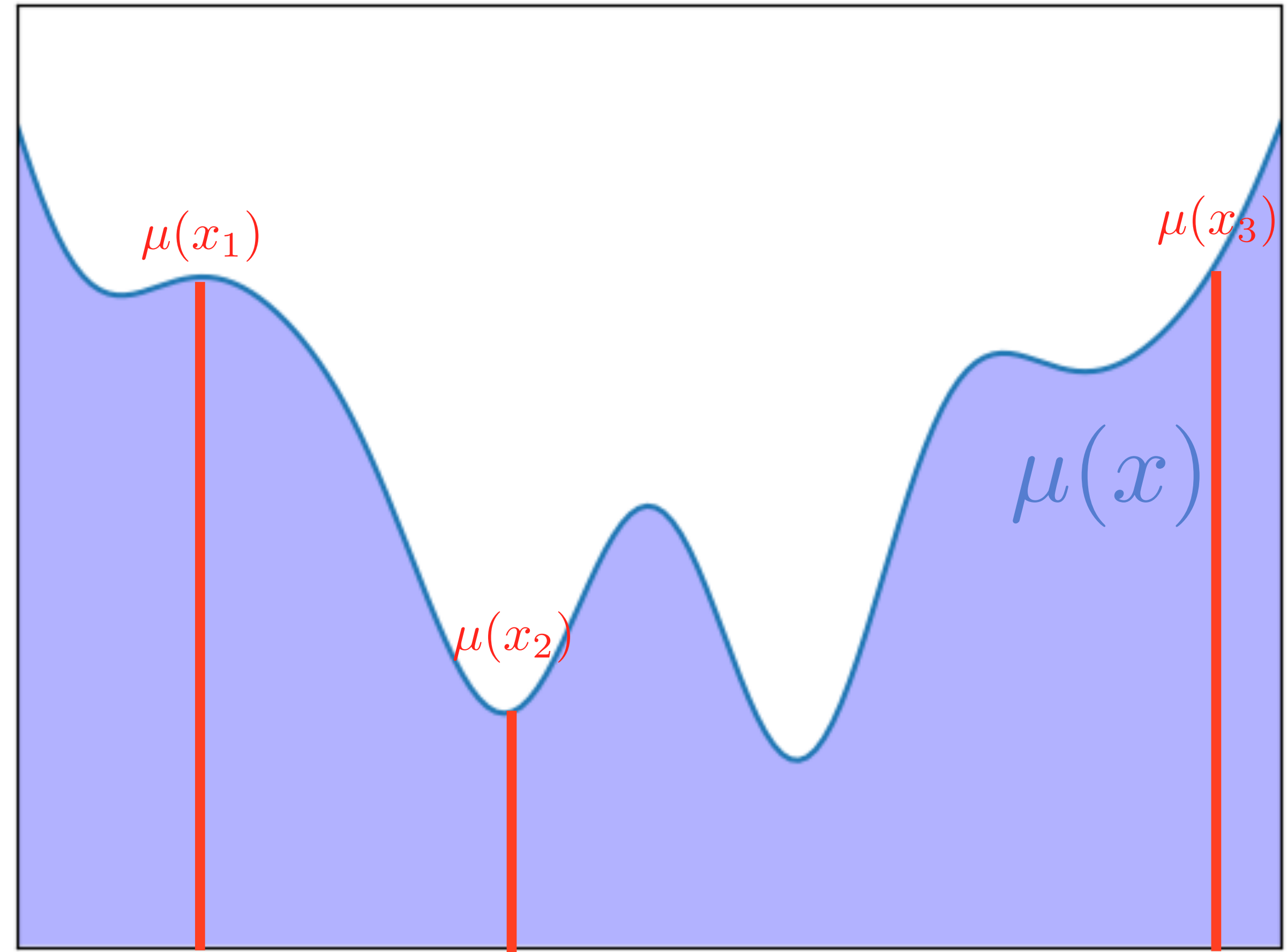
*[Woodcock et al. 1965]

Naive Monte Carlo

$$E[e^{-\tau}] \neq e^{-E[\hat{\tau}]}$$

$$\tau = \int_a^b \mu(x) dx$$

$$\hat{\tau} = \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{\mu(x_j)}{p(x_j)}$$



Our contributions

$$T(a, b) = e^{-\tau}$$

$$E[e^{-\tau}] \neq e^{-E[\hat{\tau}]}$$

$$T(a, b) = \int \dots$$

- 3 integral formulations
- Rendering analogies
- MC design decisions

Deriving an integral formulation

$$-\frac{dL(x)}{dx} = -\mu(x)L(x)$$

$$\int_a^b -\frac{dL(x)}{dx} dx = \int_a^b -\mu(x)L(x) dx$$

$$L(a) - L(b) = \int_a^b -\mu(x)L(x) dx$$

$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x)T(x, b) dx$$

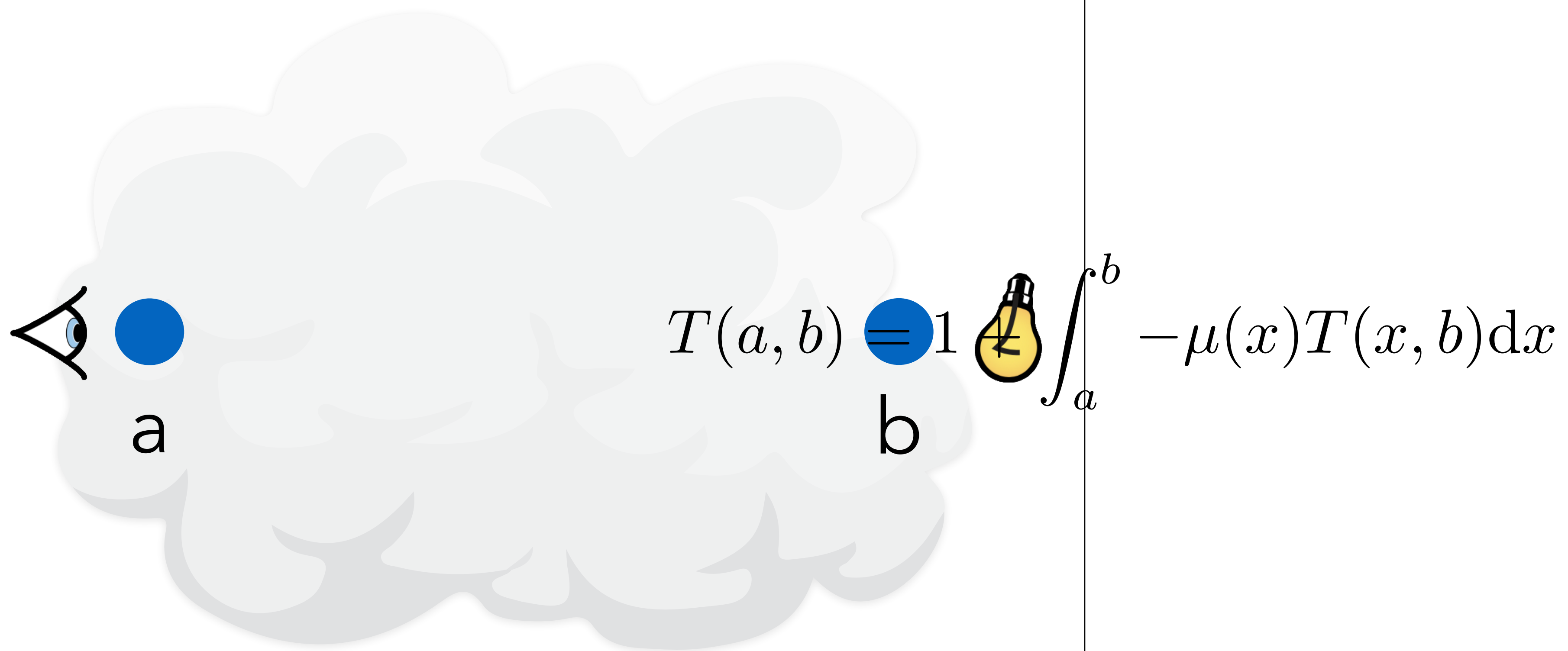
First integral formulation

$$T(a, b) = e^{-\int_a^b \mu(x) dx}$$

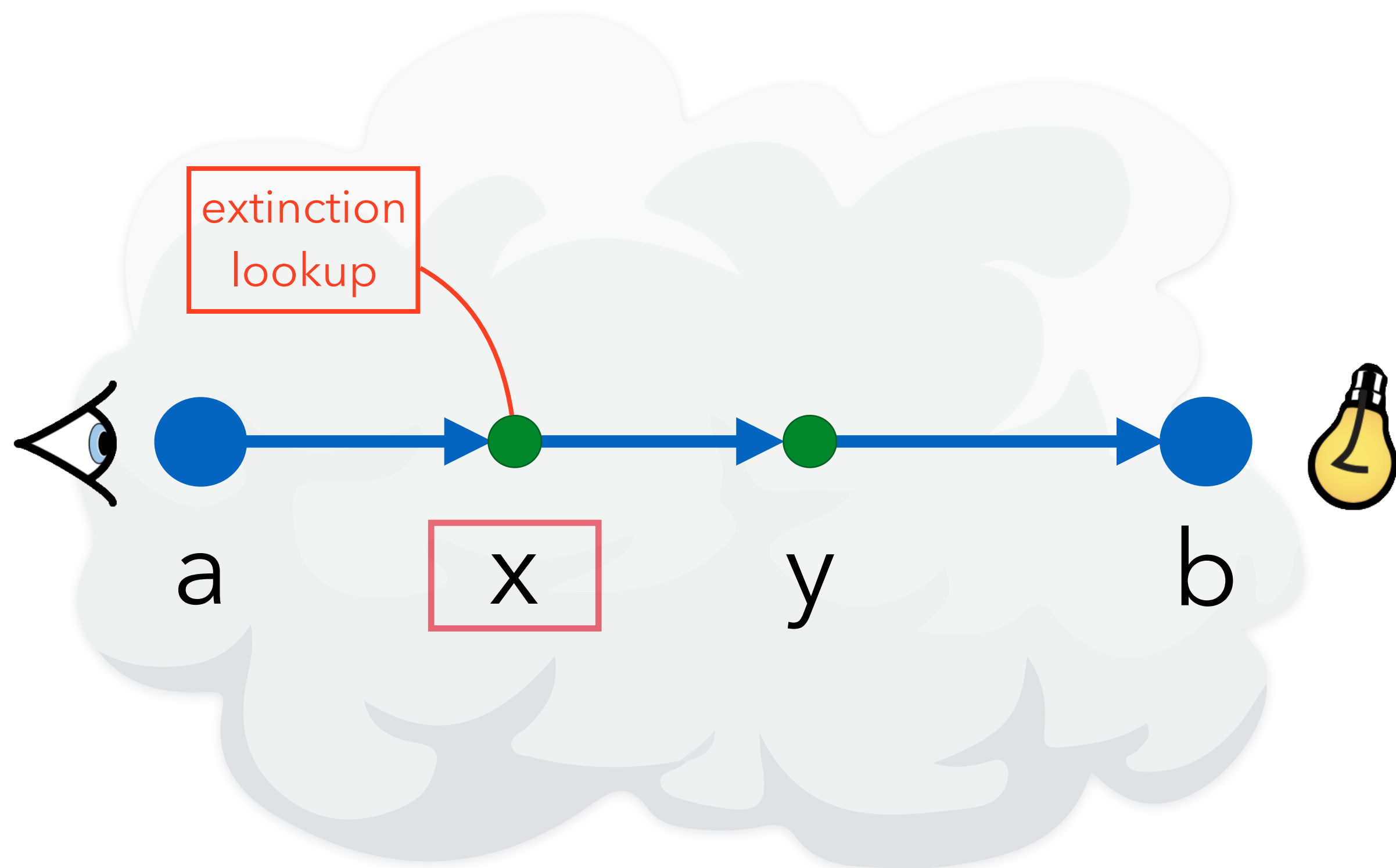
$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x) T(x, b) dx$$

$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x) T(x, b) dx$$

Visualizing an estimator



Visualizing an estimator

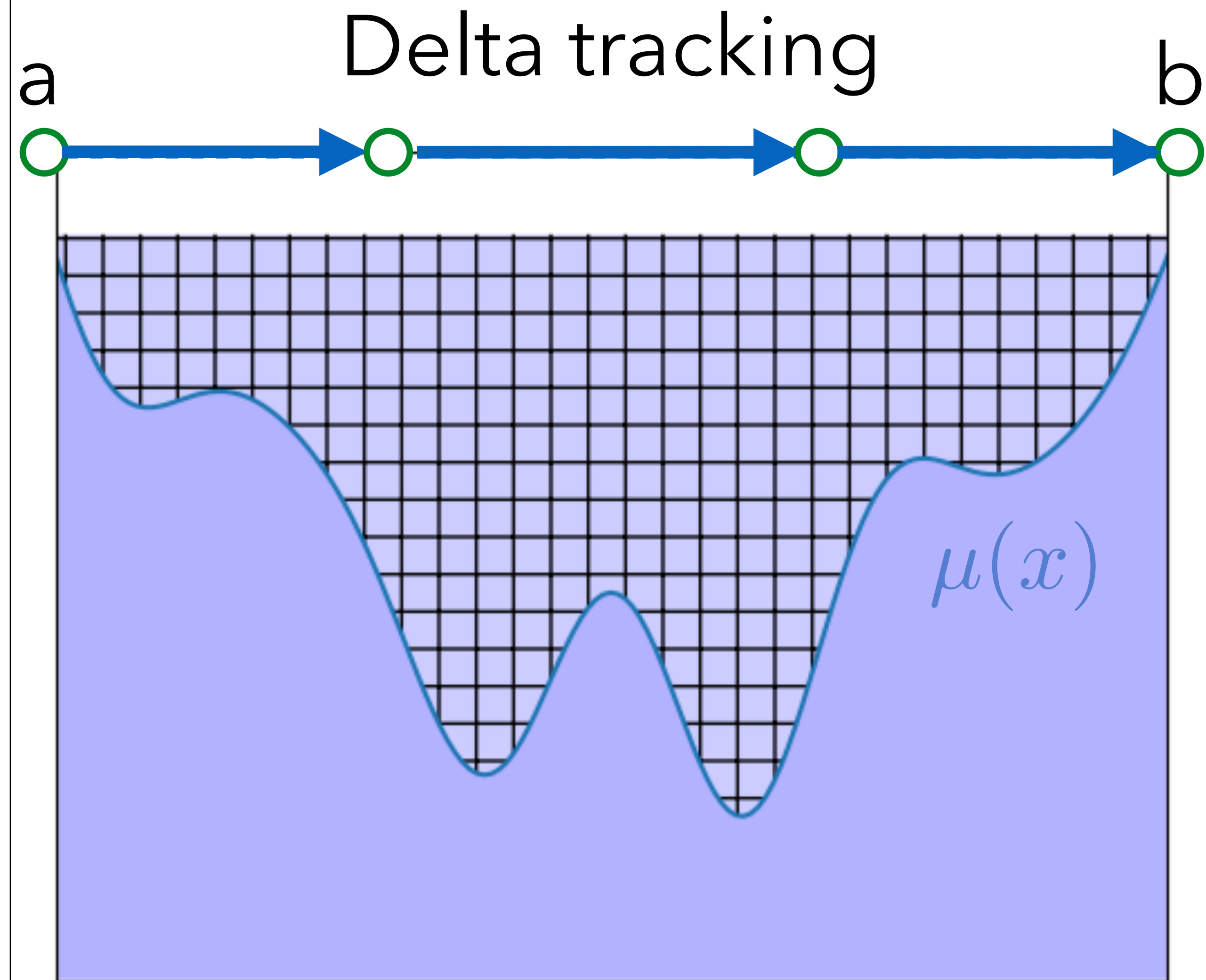
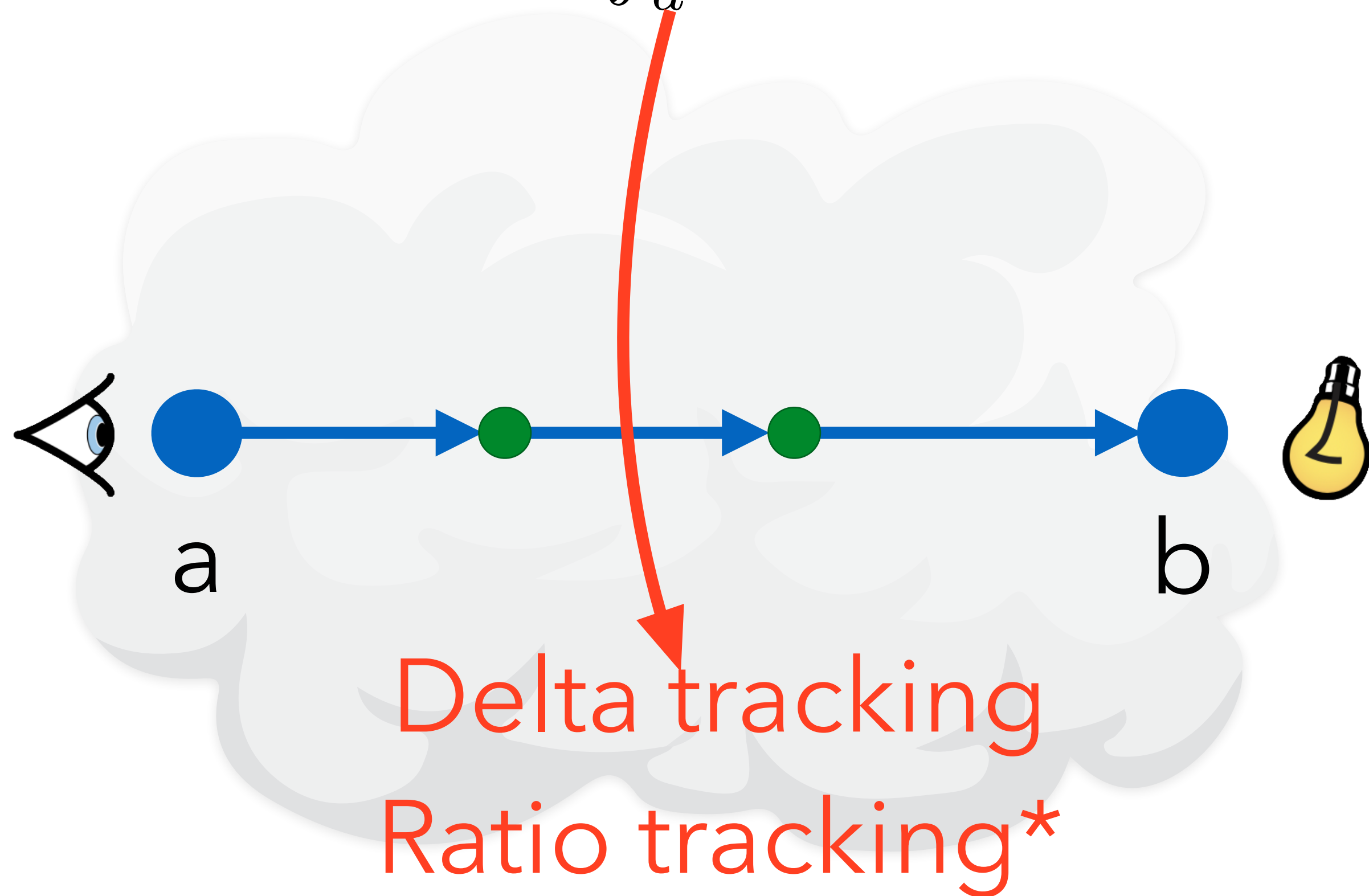


$$\hat{T}(a, b) = \mathbf{1} + \int_a^b \frac{\mu(y) \hat{T}(y, b)}{p(y)} T(x, b) dx$$

A blue arrow points from the equation to the diagram on the left.

Analogy to previous work

$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x)T(x, b)dx$$



*[Novák et al. 2014]

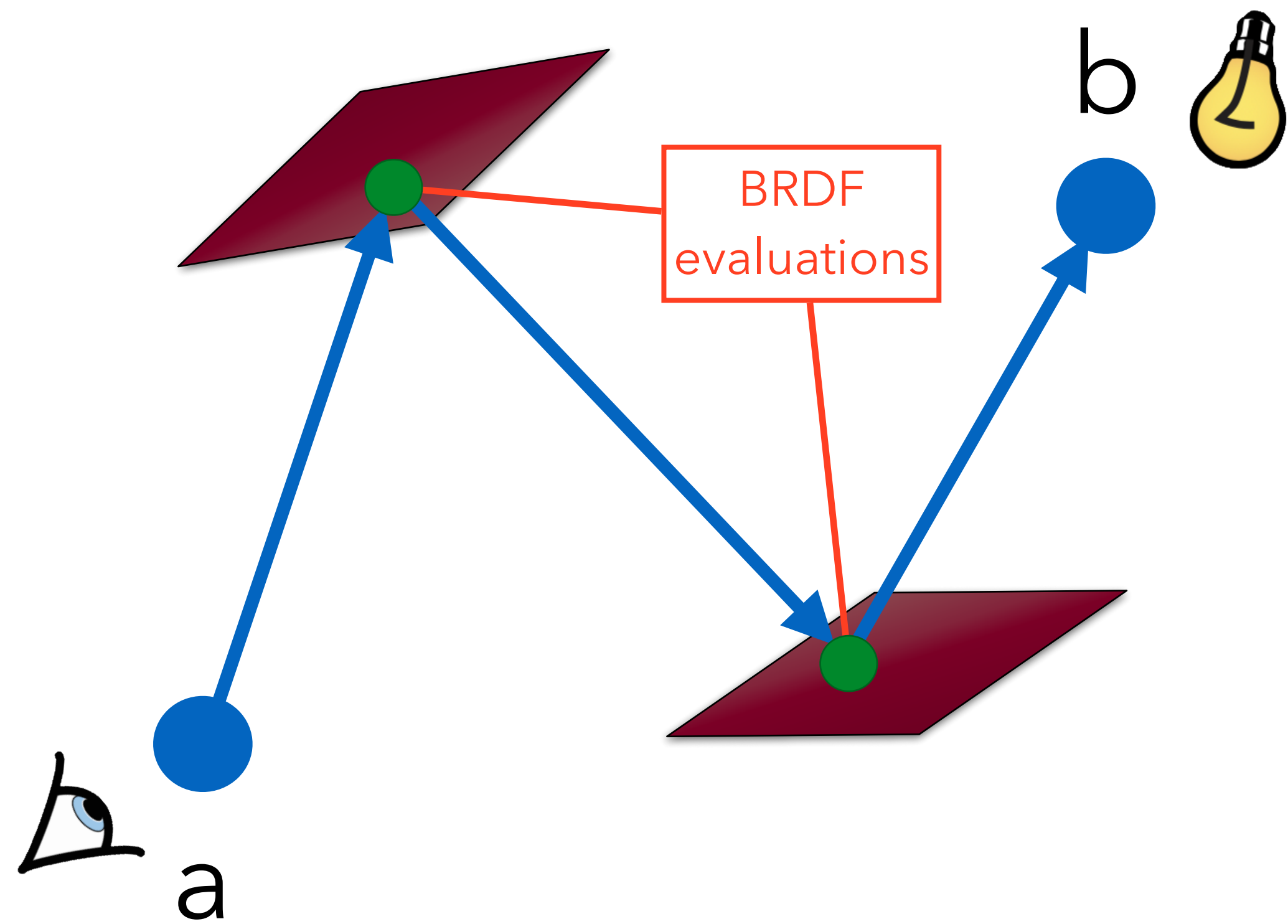
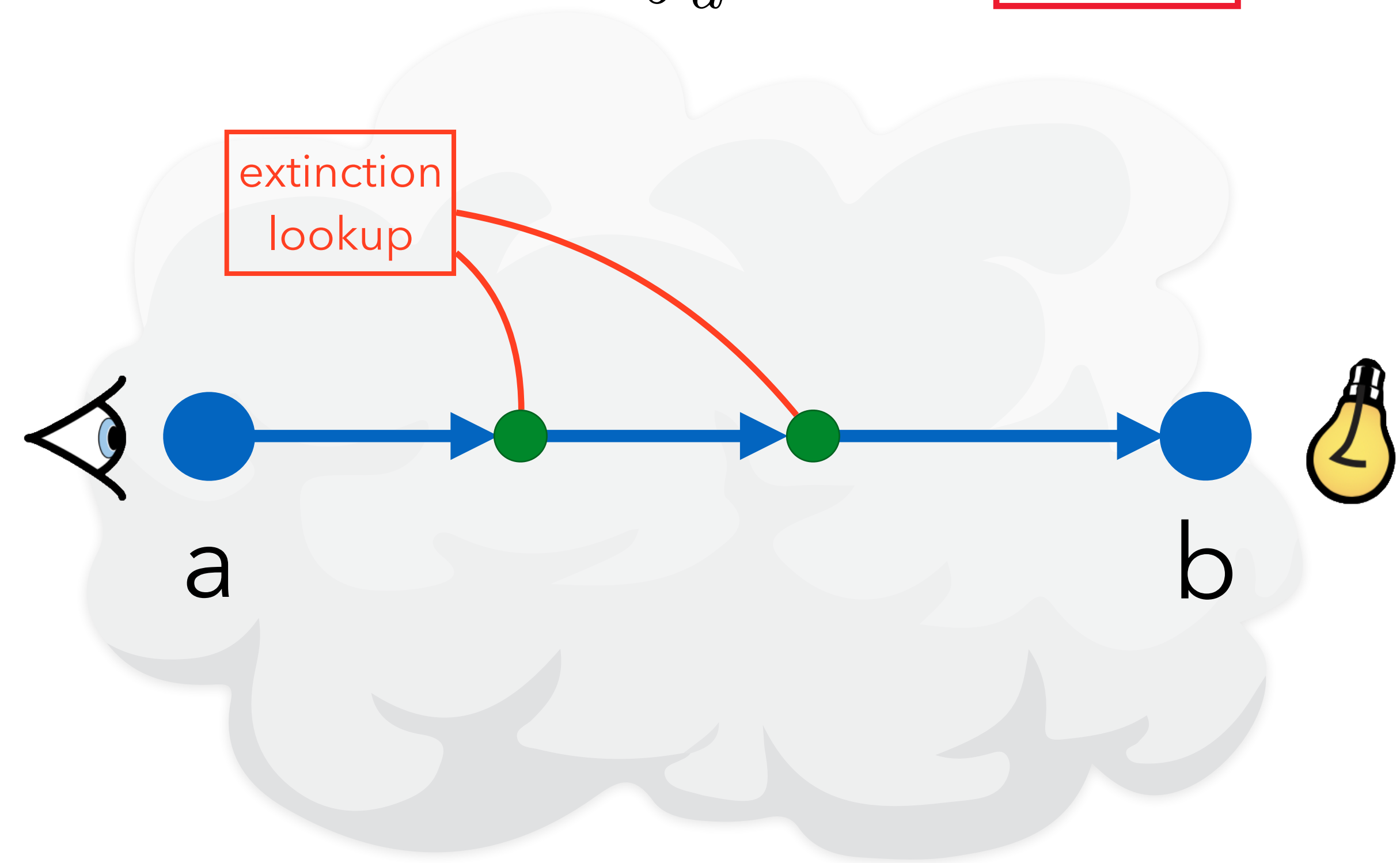
Analogy to rendering

$$T(a, b) = \int_a^b \mu(x) T(x, b) dx$$

Volterra

$$L(\omega) = \int_{\Omega} T(a, \omega) T(\omega, b) d\omega_j$$

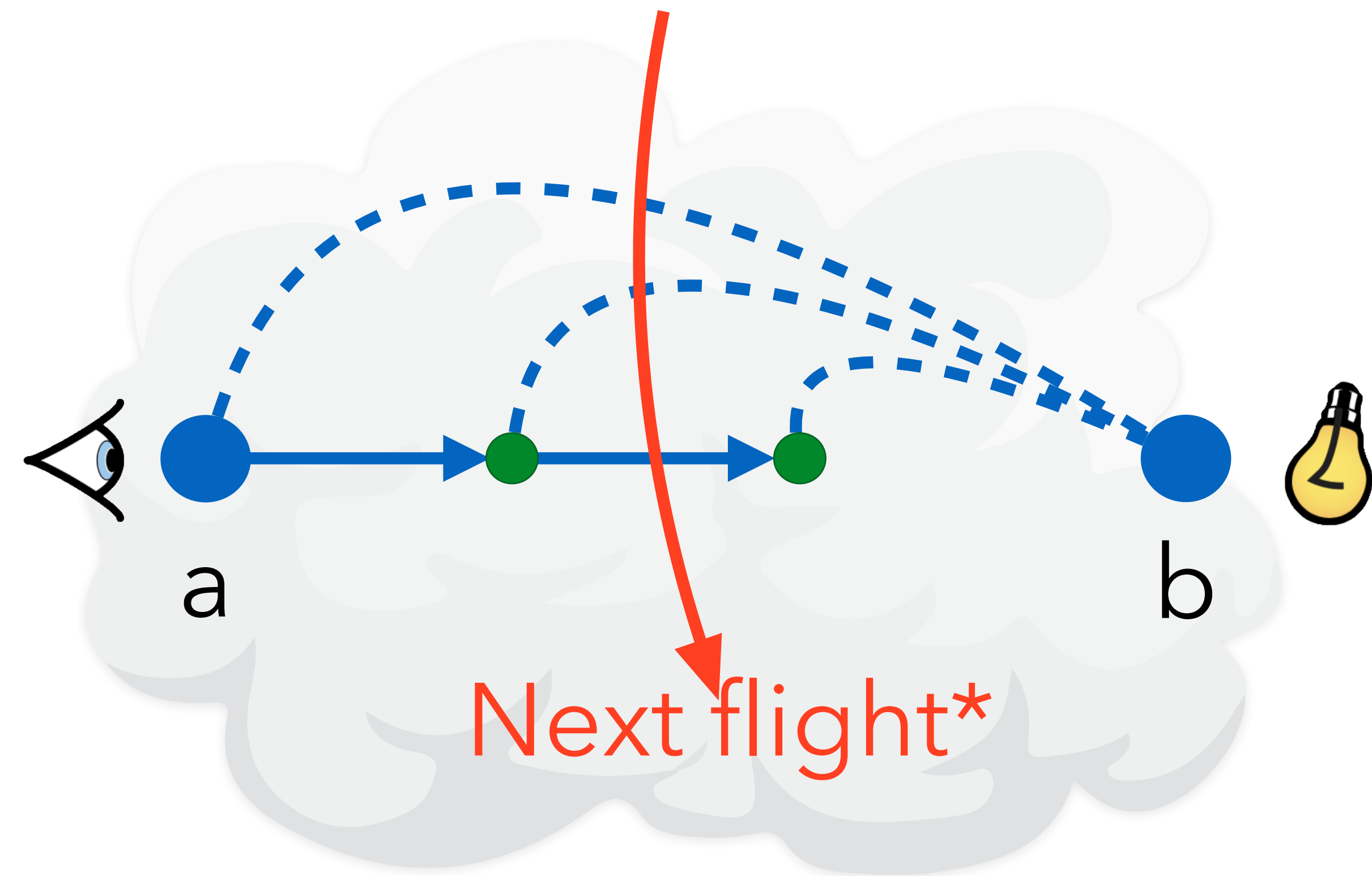
Path Tracing



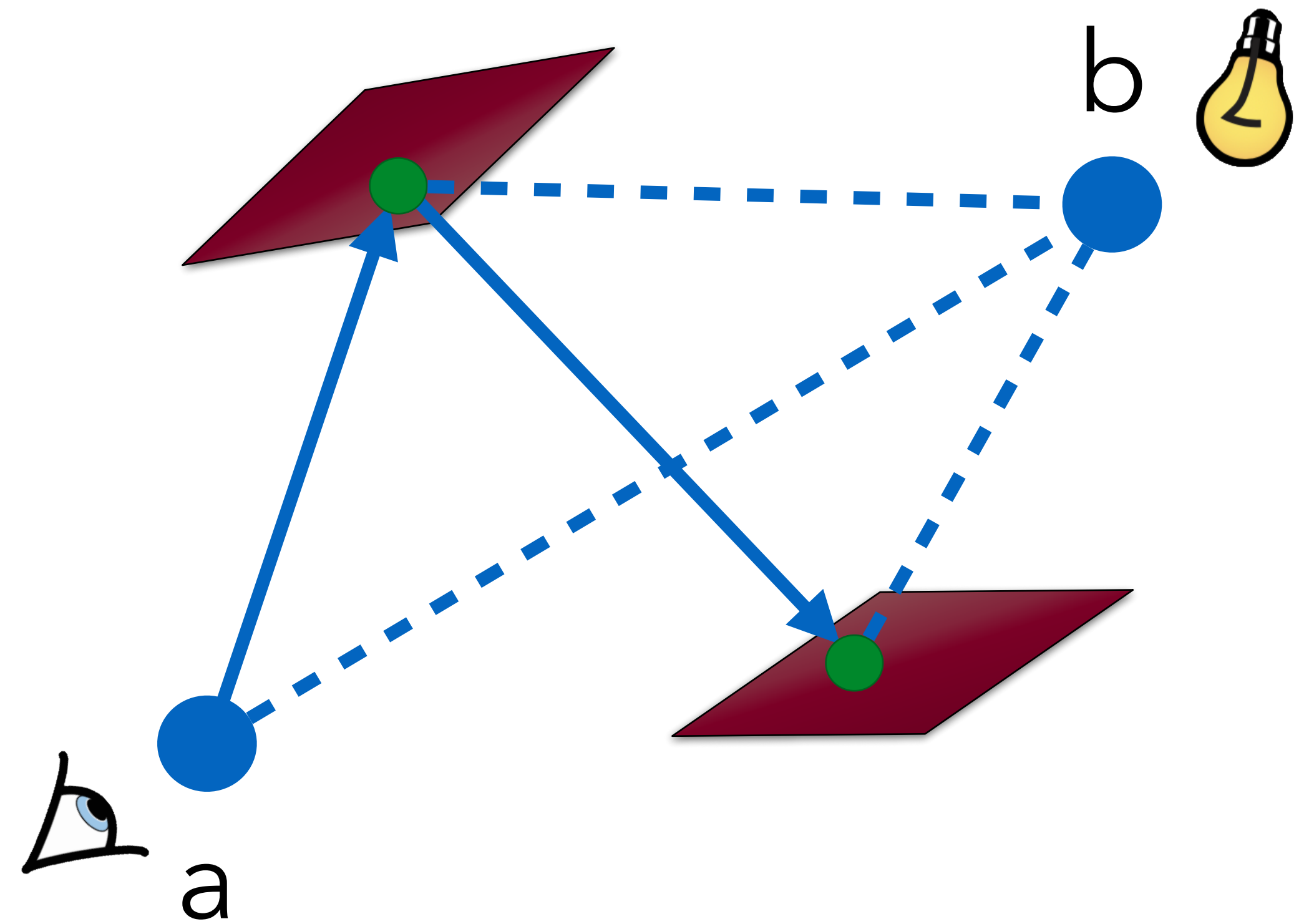
*[Kajiya 1986]

Better estimators?

Volterra



Path Parameter Estimation (PTE) (Froehlich)



*[Cramer 1978]

So far

- Volterra integral formulation
- Previous work
- Unidirectional path tracing analogy

Other integral formulations

Volterra

$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x)T(x, b)dx$$

Rendering Equation

$$L(\omega) = L_e(\omega) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(\omega_j)\cos(\theta)L(\omega_j)d\omega_j$$

Other integral formulations

Volterra

$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x)T(x, b)dx$$

Rendering Equation

$$L(\omega) = L_e(\omega) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(\omega_j)\cos(\theta)L(\omega_j)d\omega_j$$

Neumann Series*

$$I_j = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} J^k L_e$$

*[Veach 1997]

Other integral formulations

Volterra

$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x)T(x, b)dx$$

Rendering Equation

$$L(\omega) = L_e(\omega) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(\omega_j)\cos(\theta)L(\omega_j)d\omega_j$$

Power-series

$$T(a, b) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-\tau)^k \frac{1}{k!}$$

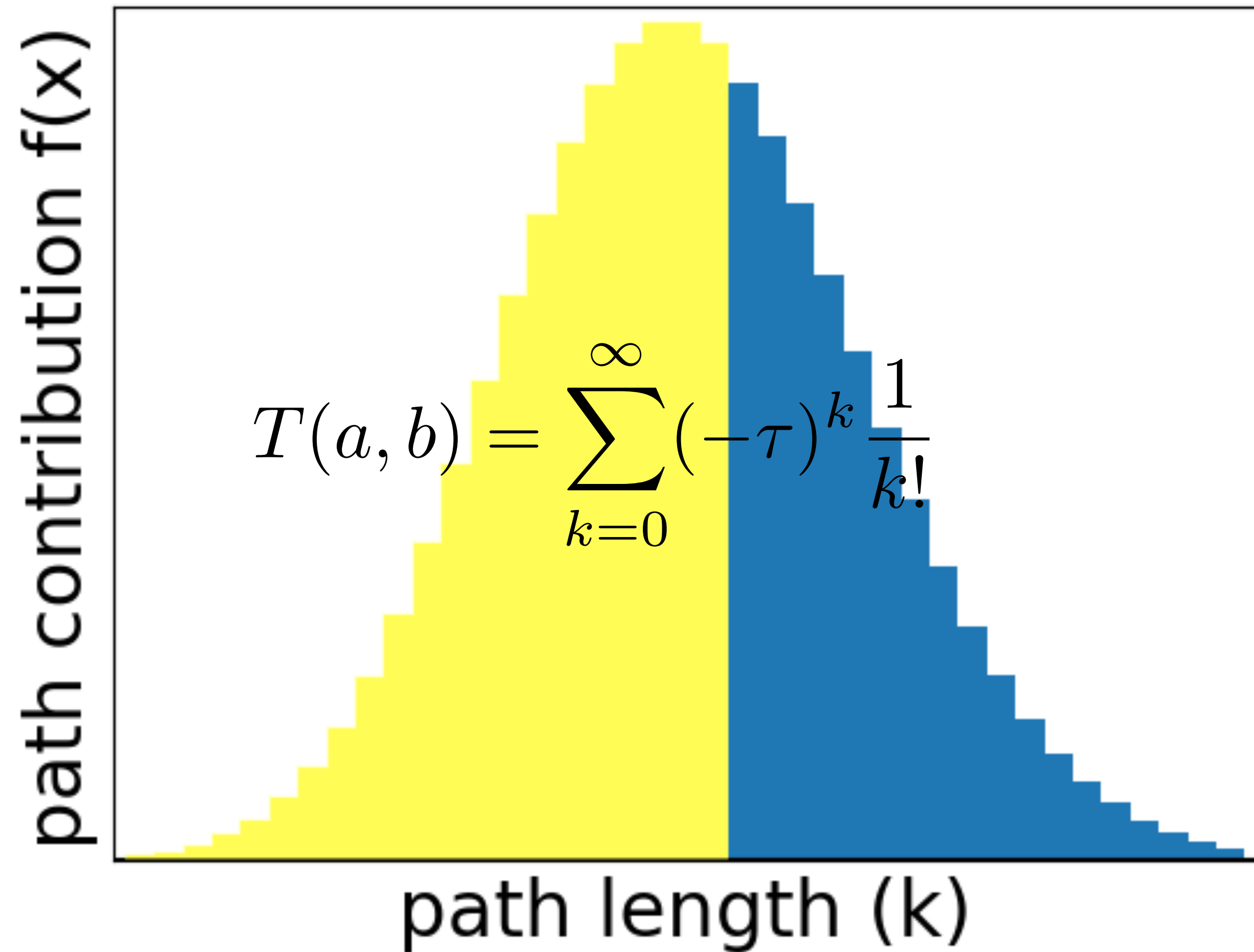
Neumann Series*

$$I_j = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} J^k L_e$$

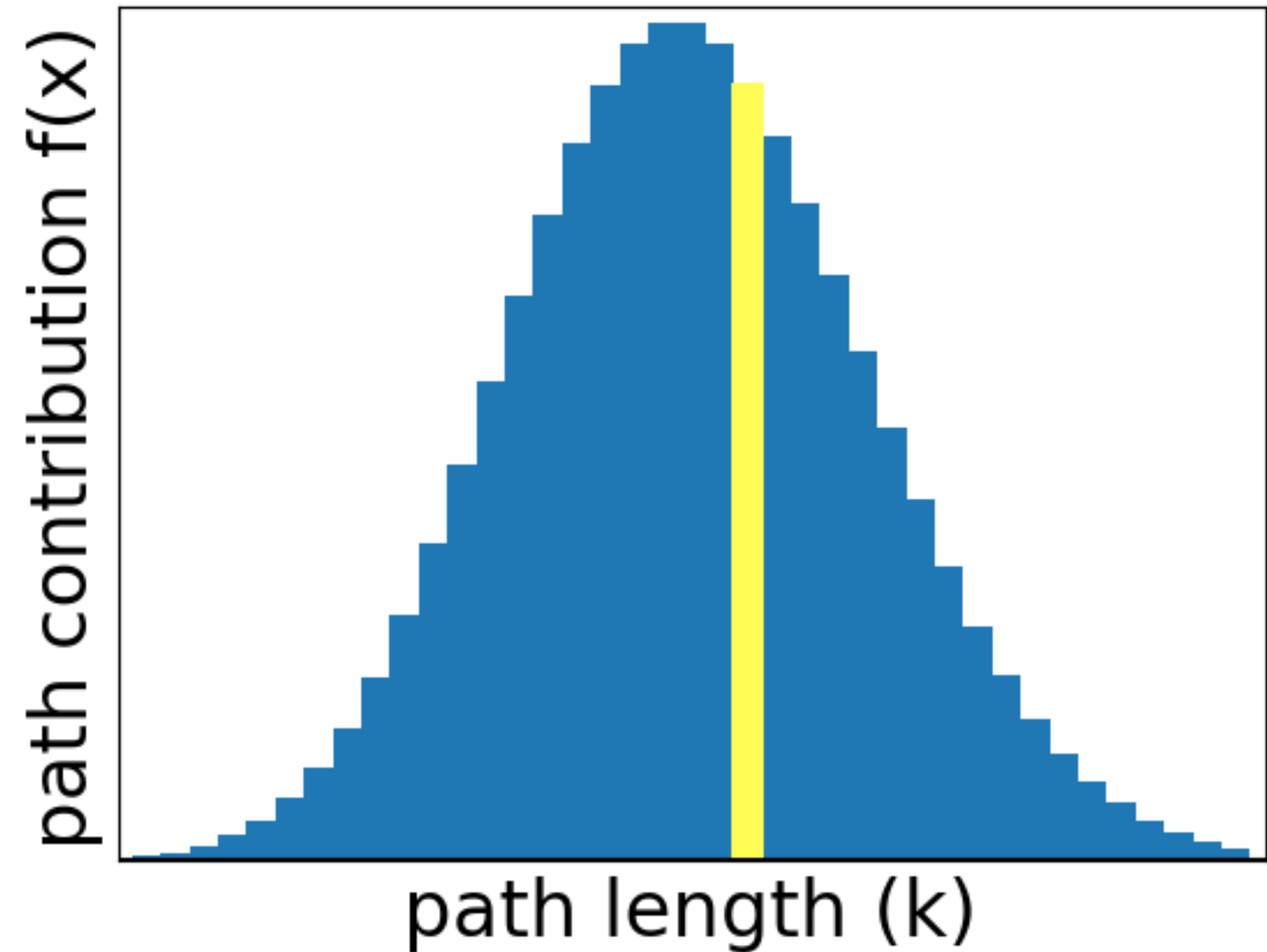
*[Veach 1997]

Power series formulation

Prefix-sum



Single-term



Other integral formulations

Volterra

$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x)T(x, b)dx$$

Rendering Equation

$$L(\omega) = L_e(\omega) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(\omega_j)\cos(\theta)L(\omega_j)d\omega_j$$

Power-series

$$T(a, b) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-\tau)^k \frac{1}{k!}$$

Neumann Series

$$I_j = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} J^k L_e$$

Path Integral*

$$I_j = \int_{\Omega} f(x)d\mu(x)$$

*[Veach 1997]

Other integral formulations

Volterra

$$T(a, b) = 1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x)T(x, b)dx$$

Rendering Equation

$$L(\omega) = L_e(\omega) + \int_{\Omega} f_r(\omega_j)\cos(\theta)L(\omega_j)d\omega_j$$

Power-series

$$T(a, b) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-\tau)^k \frac{1}{k!}$$

Neumann Series

$$I_j = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} J^k L_e$$

Hypercube

$$T(a, b) = \int_{\mathcal{H}} f(\mathbf{x})d\mathbf{x}$$

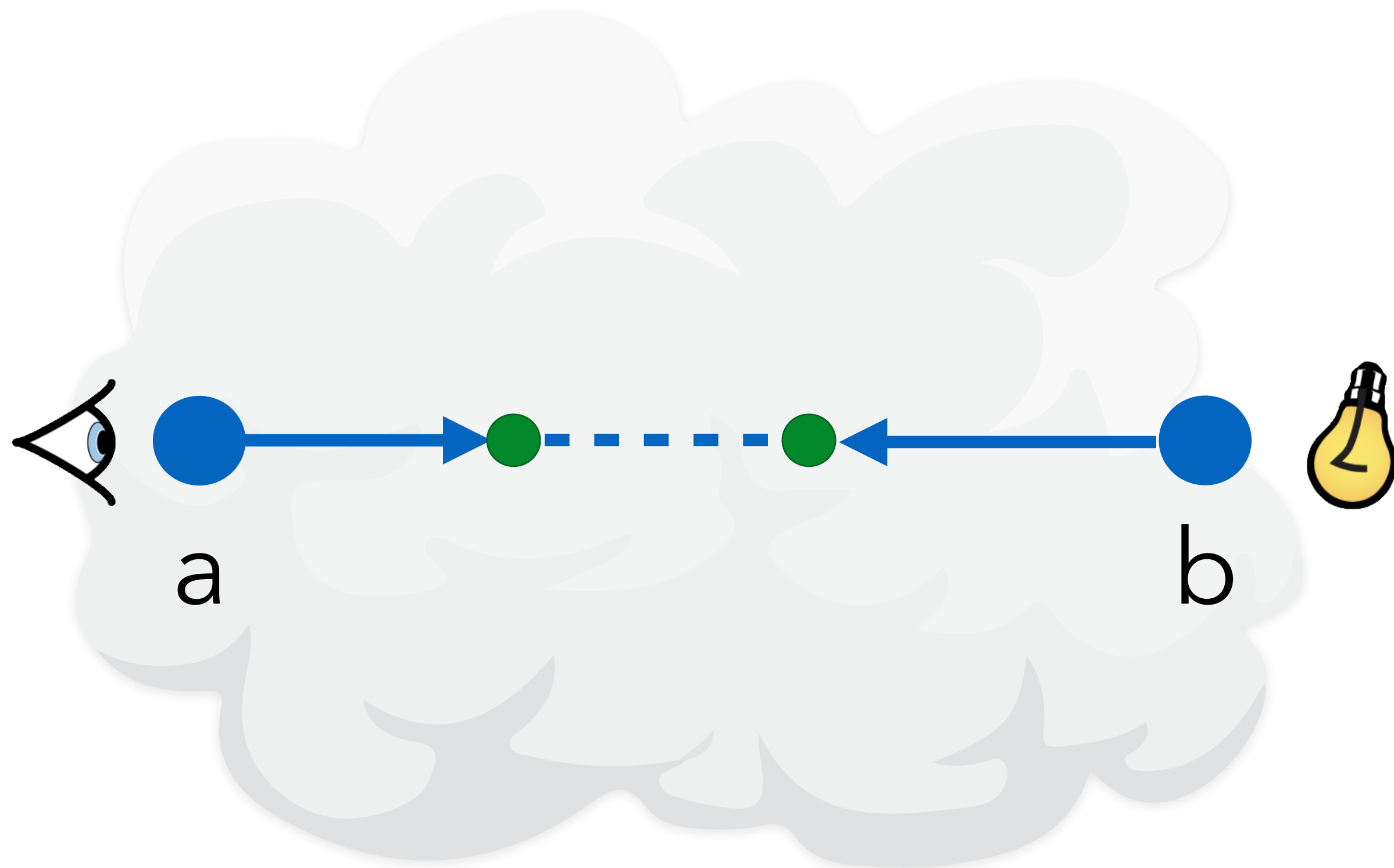
Path Integral*

$$I_j = \int_{\Omega} f(x)d\mu(x)$$

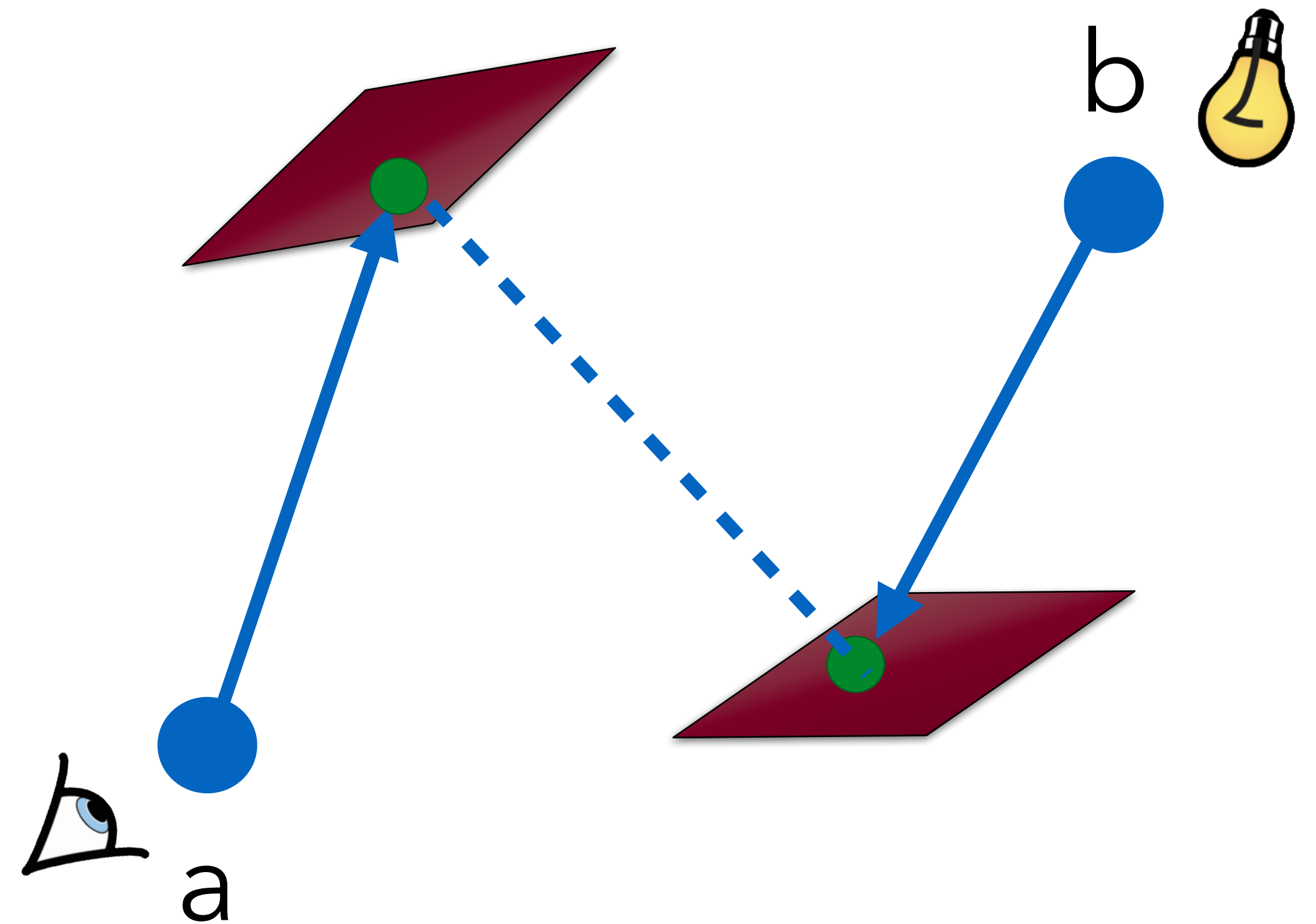
*[Veach 1997]

Hypercube integral formulation

Hypercube (bidirectional MIS)



Bidirectional path tracing*



*[Veach and Guibas 1994]

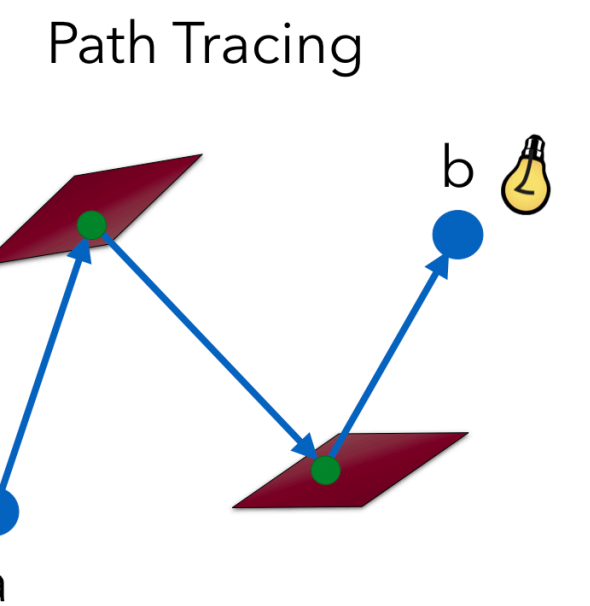
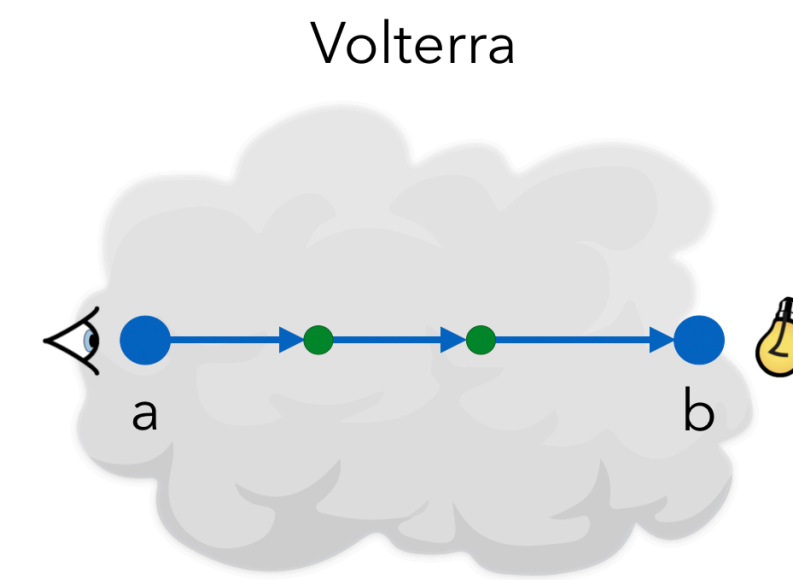
Estimator summary

Ours are in green

Volterra

$$1 + \int_a^b -\mu(x)T(x, b)dx$$

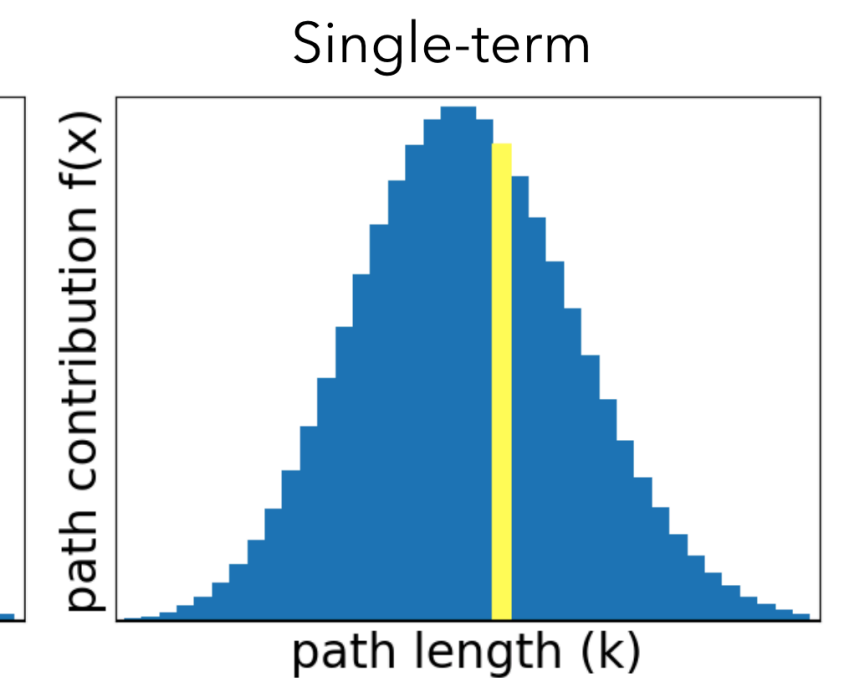
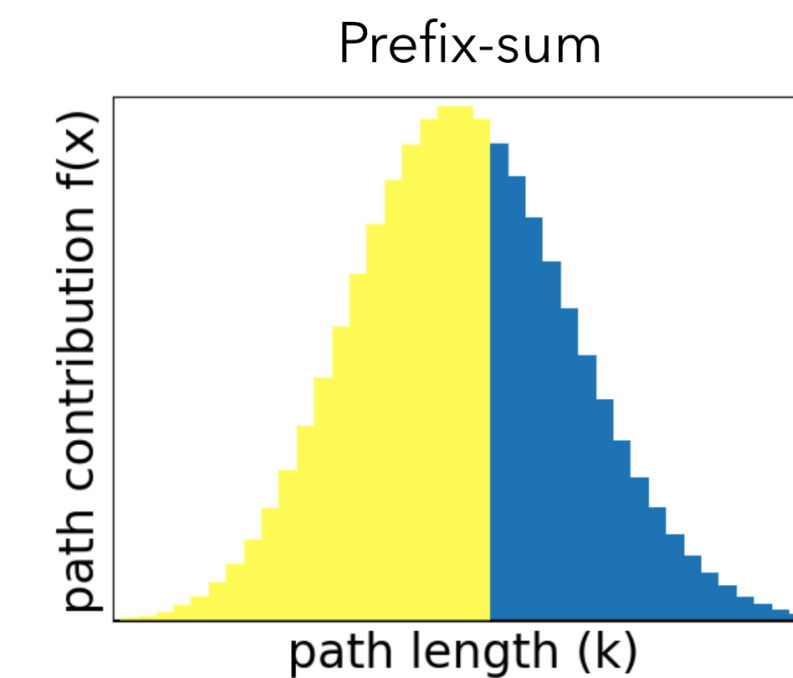
Track-length
Ratio tracking
Next-flight



Power series

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-\tau)^k \frac{1}{k!}$$

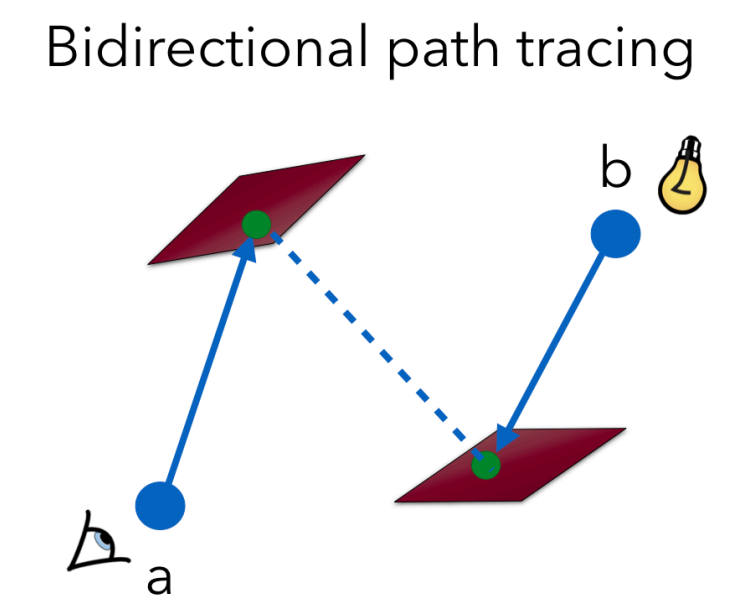
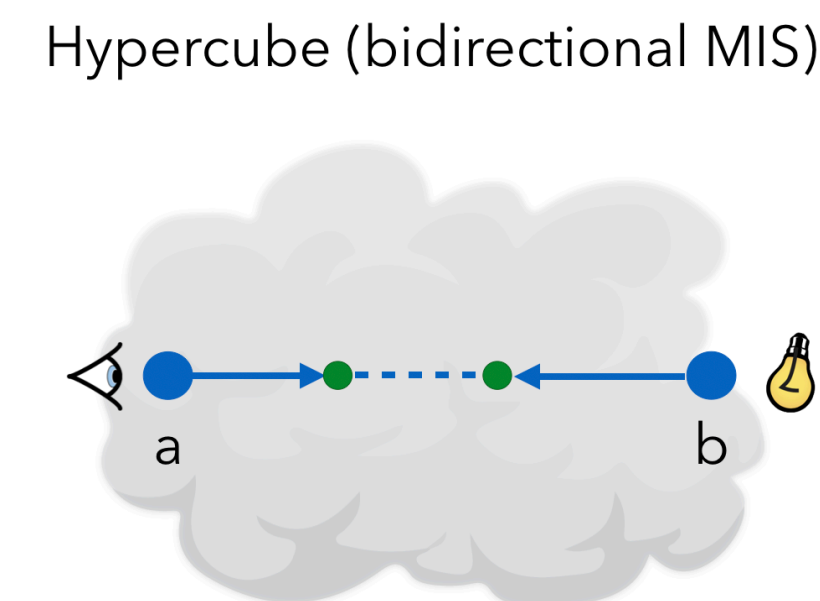
P-series ratio
P-series next-flight
P-series cumulative
P-series CMF



Hypercube

$$\int_{\mathcal{H}} f(\mathbf{x})d\mathbf{x}$$

Unidirectional-MIS
Bidirectional-MIS



Results

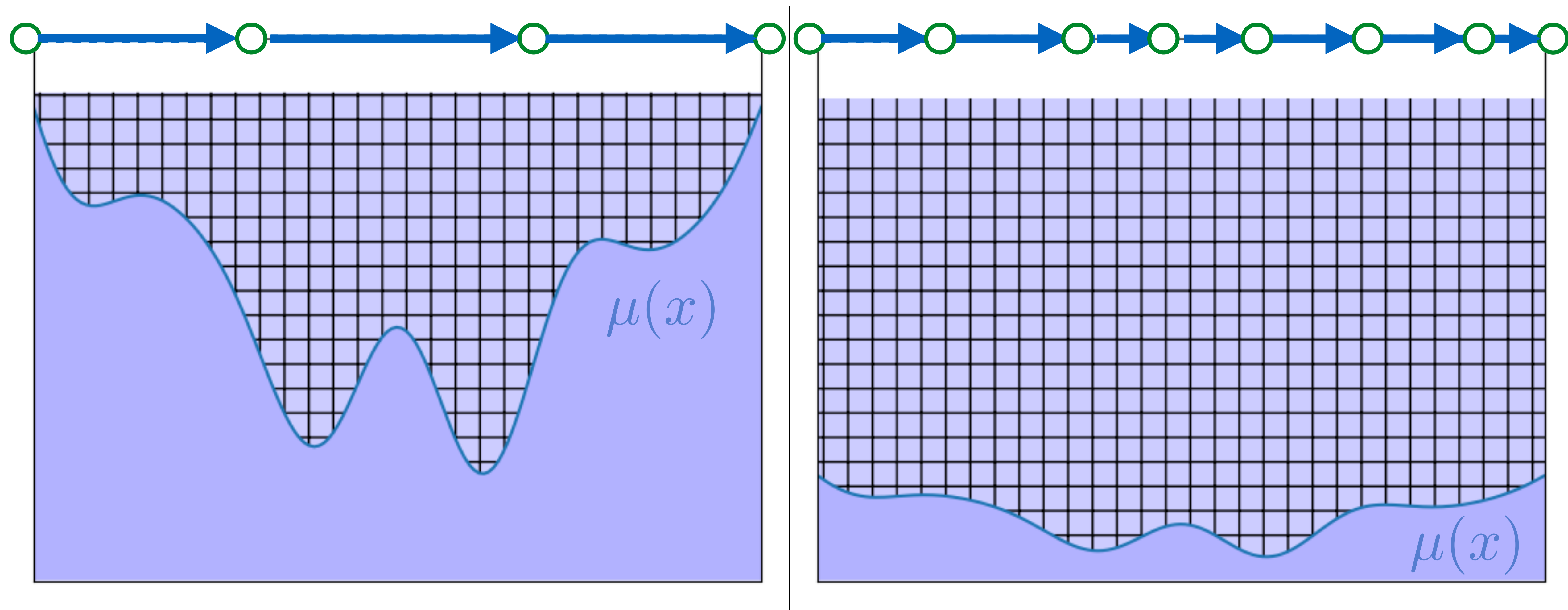


Majorant / upper control

Tight upper control

$$\bar{\mu}(x)$$

Loose upper control



Tight upper control

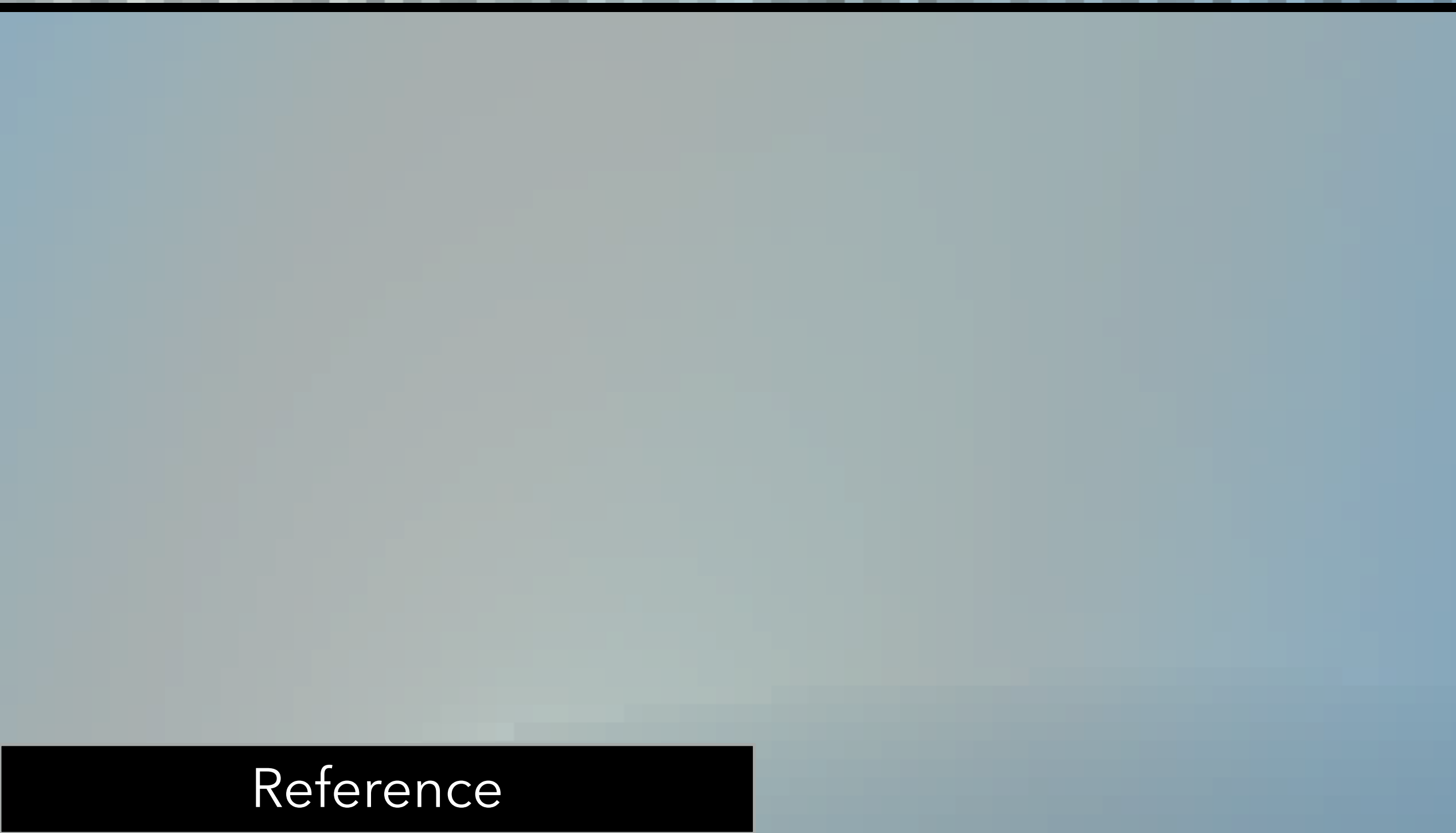
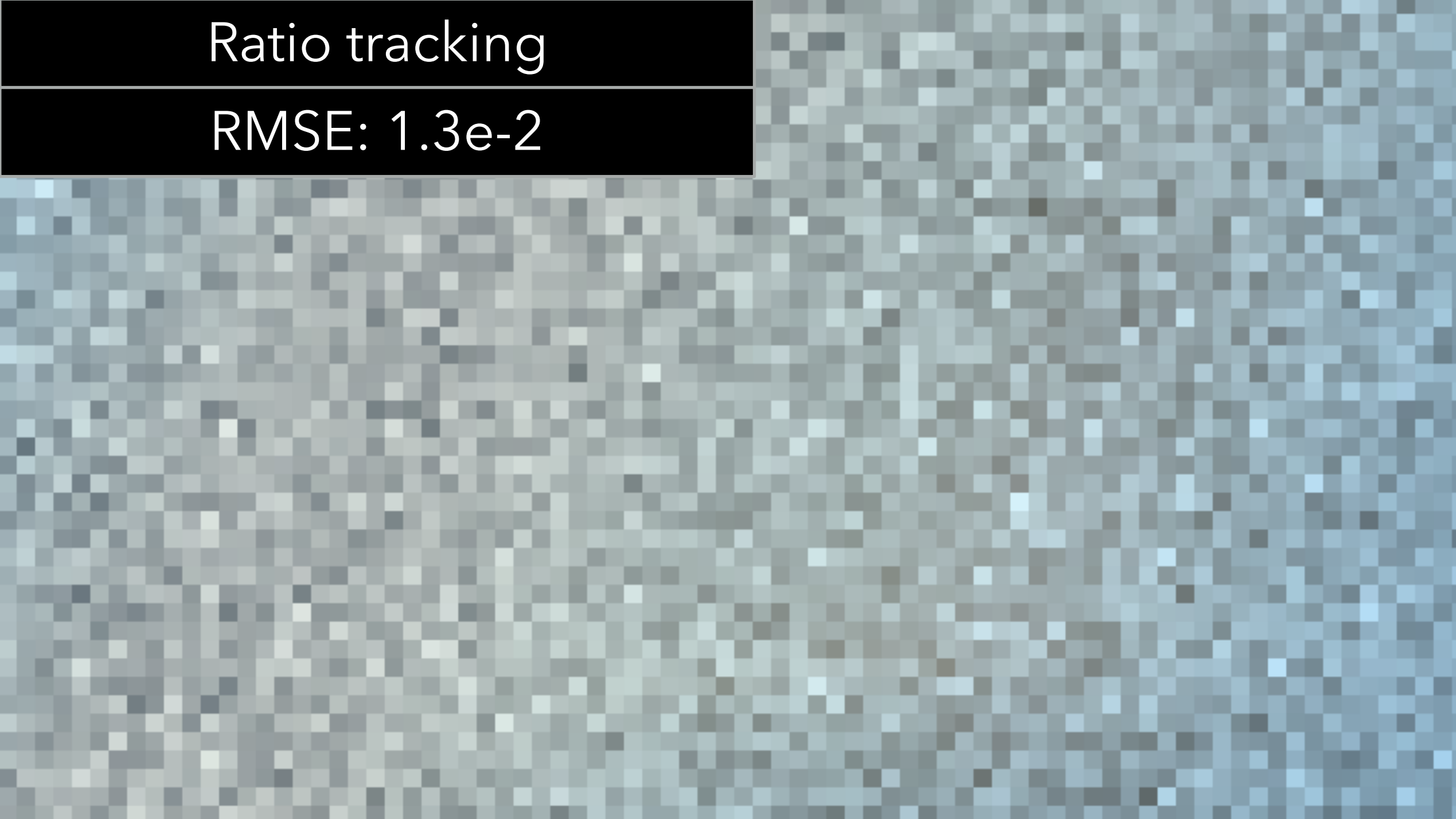


Ratio tracking

RMSE: $1.3e-2$

Next-flight

RMSE: $3.6e-3$

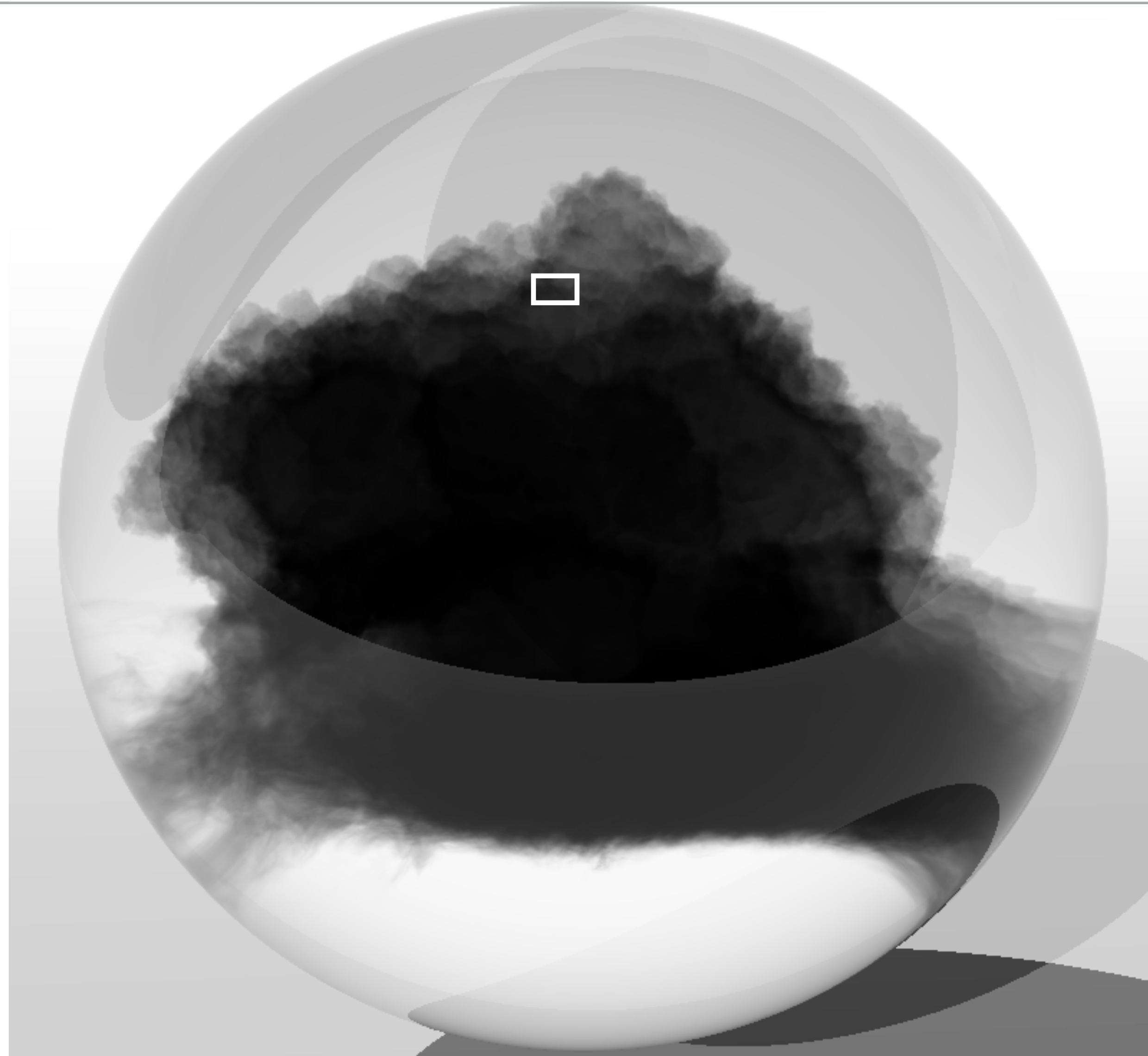


RMSE: $1.7e-6$

P-CMF

Reference

Loose upper control



Ratio tracking

RMSE: $1.1e-2$

Next-flight

RMSE: $1.0e-1$

Reference

RMSE: $1.1e-2$

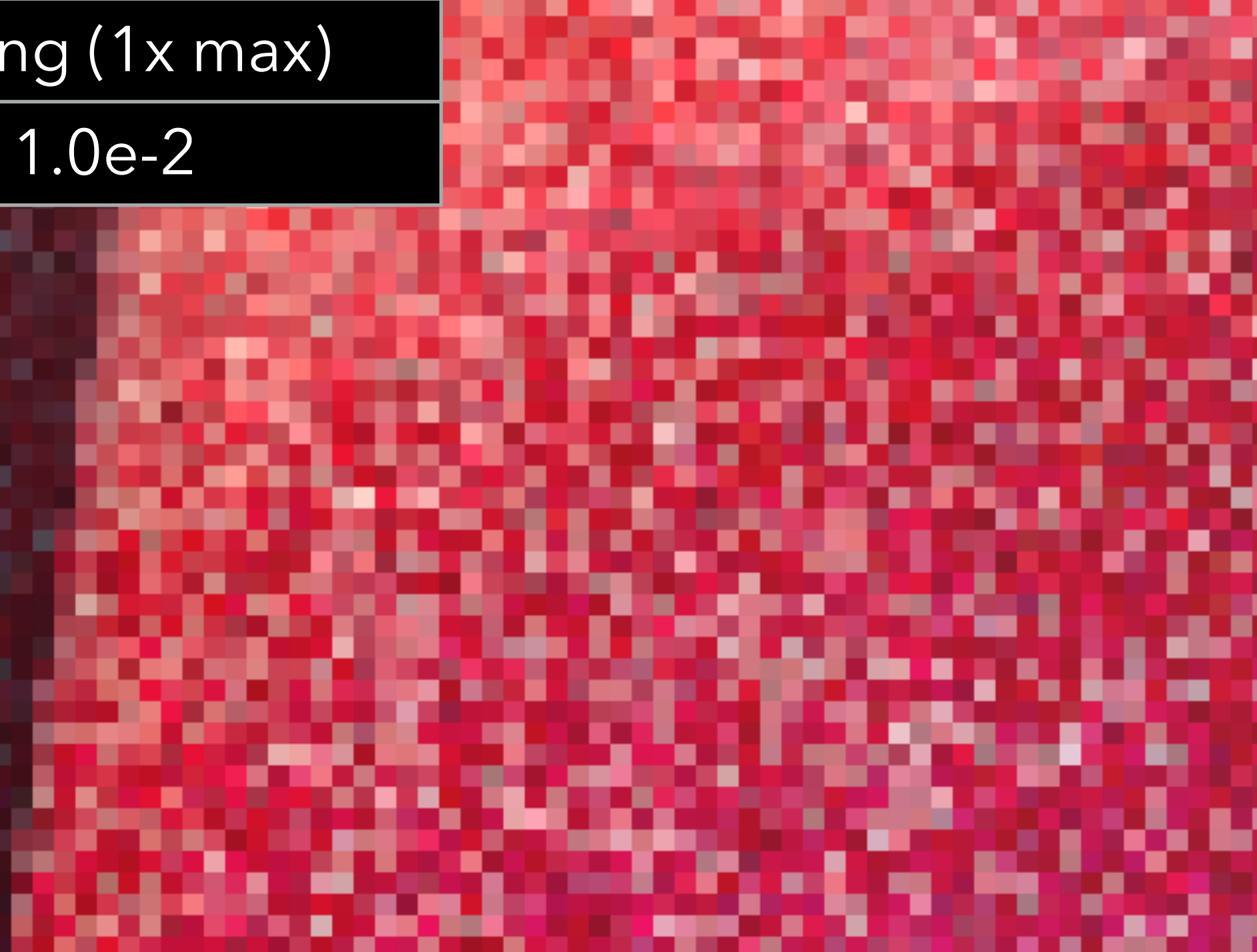
P-CMF

Non-bounding upper controls



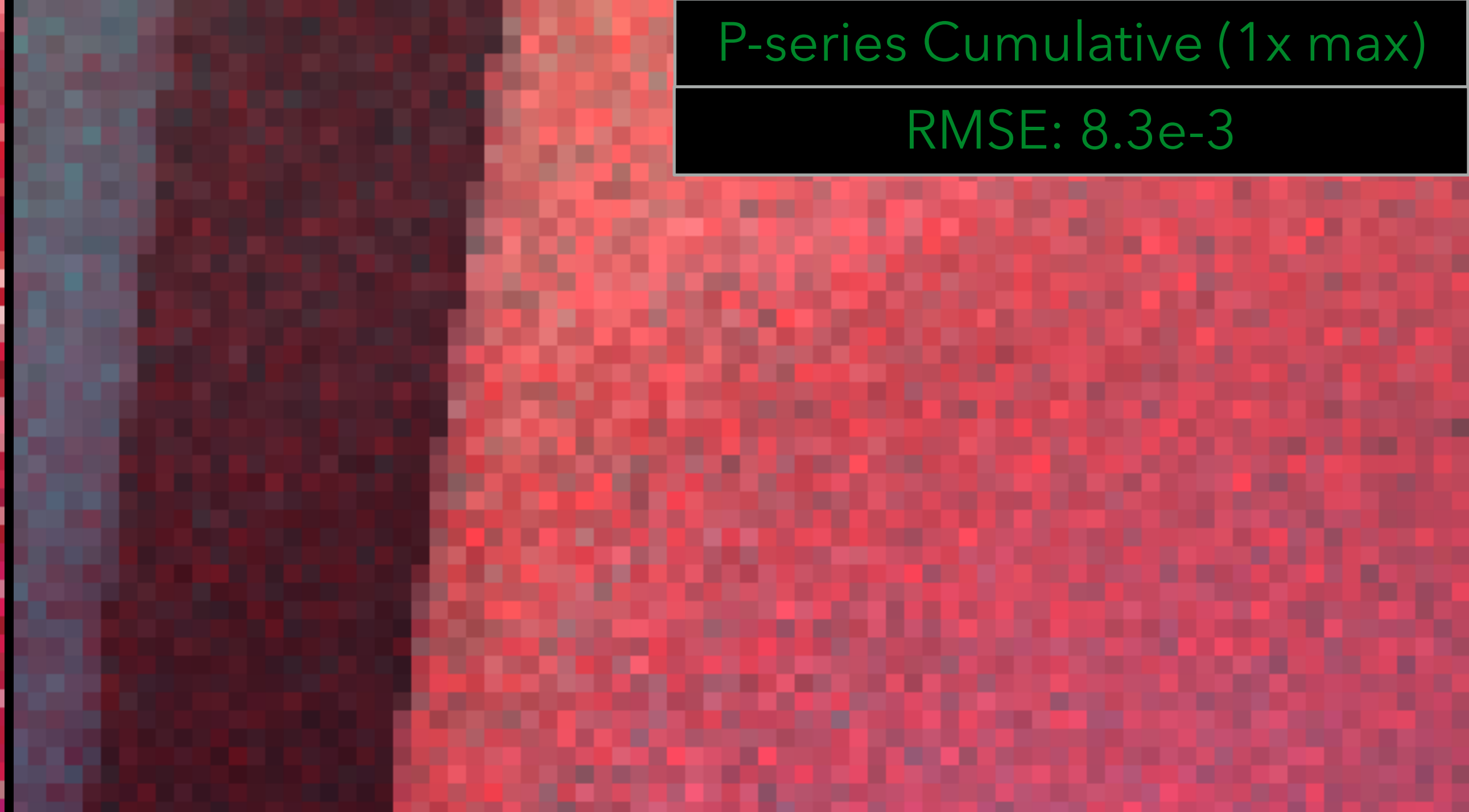
Ratio tracking (1x max)

RMSE: $1.0e-2$



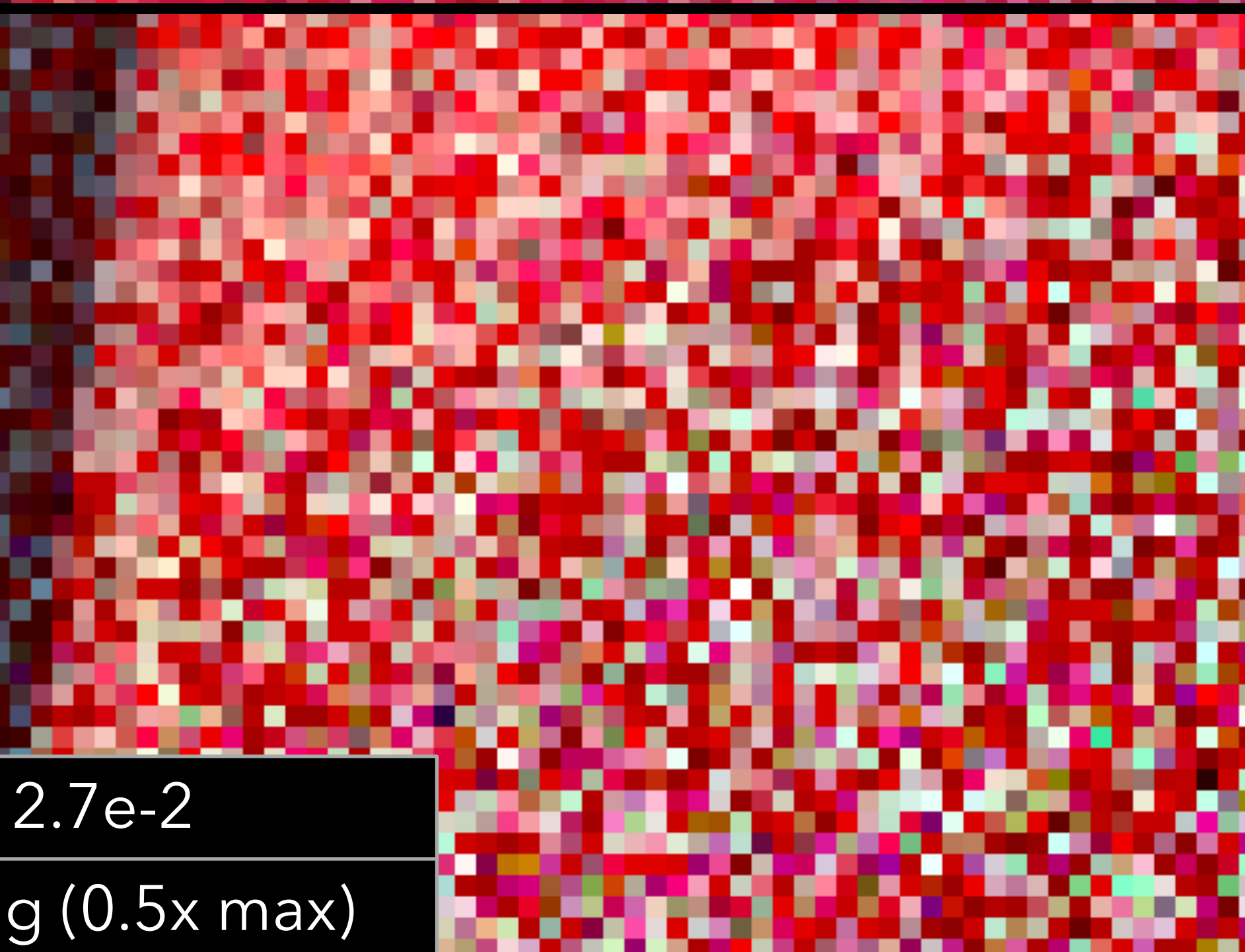
P-series Cumulative (1x max)

RMSE: $8.3e-3$



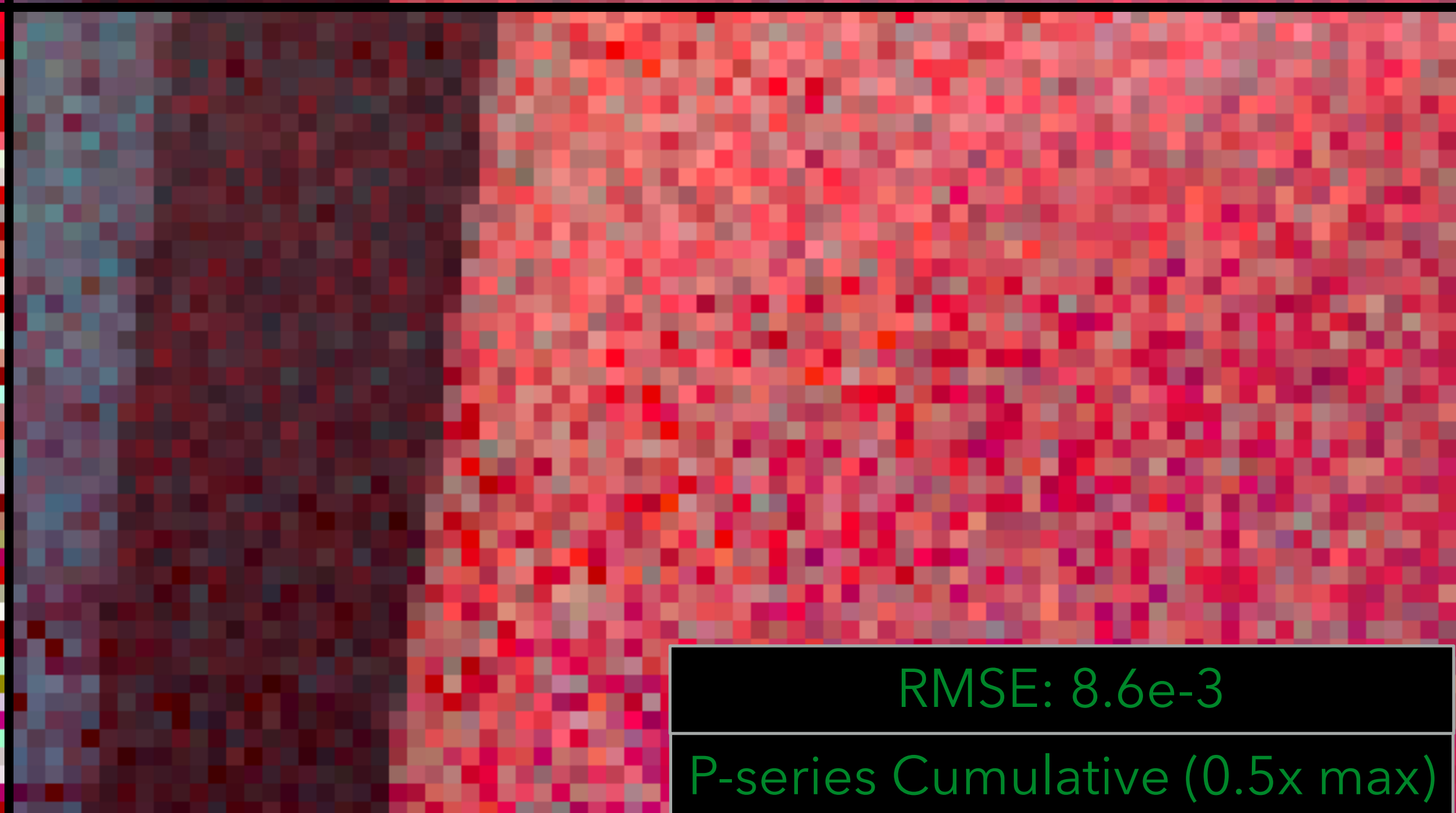
RMSE: $2.7e-2$

Ratio tracking (0.5x max)



RMSE: $8.6e-3$

P-series Cumulative (0.5x max)



Stratification



Ratio tracking (independent)

RMSE: $1.4e-2$

P-series ratio (independent)

RMSE: $1.4e-2$

RMSE: $7.9e-3$

Ratio tracking (stratified)

RMSE: $6.4e-3$

P-series ratio (stratified)

Best estimator?

- There is no “best” estimator
- Loose controls - ratio
- Non-bounding controls - power series cumulative
- Other cases - power series CMF

Conclusion

- Integral formulation for transmittance
- Allows for flexible estimator design
- Re-formulated previous work
- 4 novel estimators

Future work

- Non-exponential media
- Application of the different integral formulations to sample scattering events
- More MIS estimators

Thank you!

Please visit: <http://zackmisso.com>

For the paper and supplemental

Code repository (GitHub):

ZackMisso/TransmittanceEstimation

Zack Misso

zackary.t.misso.gr@dartmouth.edu

Iliyan Georgiev

iliyan.georgiev@autodesk.com